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Georgia Broadband Mapping Project: Product Release White Paper

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OVERVIEW

This white paper highlights the **Submission Summary** for this deliverable, as well as describes the **Data Gathering**, **Data Integration**, **Data Validation and Verification** and **Quality Control** processes used to create the Broadband Mapping Project's October 1, 2011 data submission. To support varying levels of technical and program knowledge, both a **high-level summary** and a **detailed process review** are supplied.

SUBMISSION SUMMARY

PROVIDER DETAILS

PROVIDER PARTICIPATION

- Providers Included

Abovenet Communications Inc	Cox Communications	Open Range Communications
Advanced Technology Group	Cricket Communications Inc.	Pembroke Telephone Company Inc
AL-GA Wireless Broadband LLC	Darien Telephone Company Inc.	Pineland Telephone Company Inc.
AllTel	DeltaCom Inc.	Plantation Cablevision, Inc.
AT&T Georgia	Depot Street Communications, Inc.	Planters Rural Telephone Cooperative
Brantley Telephone Inc.	ETC Communications LLC	Progressive Rural Telephone
Bright House Networks LLC	FairPoint Communications	Quitman Wireless
Bulldog Cable Georgia, LLC	Flint Cable Television	Ringgold Telephone Company
Bulloch County Rural Telephone Cooperative Inc.	Frontier Communications of Fairmount LLC	SGRITA
CenturyLink	Frontier Communications of Georgia LLC	Shentel Converged Services, Inc.
Charter Communications Inc.	Glenwood Telephone Company	Southeastern Services Inc.
Chickamauga Telephone Corporation	Hargray	Sprint
Citizens	Hart Telephone Company	StarBand Communications Inc.
CITY OF CAIRO	Hughes Network Systems	T-Mobile
CITY OF CAMILLA	Kings Bay Communications	TDS Telecom
City of Dublin	KitePilot Wireless Internet	tw telecom of georgia l.p.
City of Moultrie	Knology of Georgia Inc	University Corporation for Advanced Internet Development
CITY OF THOMASVILLE	Level 3 Communications LLC	Verizon Wireless
Clearwire	MainStreet Broadband	Waverly Hall Telephone LLC
Cogent Communications Inc.	Mediacom	WildBlue Communications Inc.
Columbia Country Information Technology Department	Megapath	Wilkes Telephone and Electric Co.
Comcast	New Edge Network, Inc., d/b/a New Edge Networks	Windstream
Communicom	Nextlink Wireless Inc.	XO Communications Services Inc. (Affiliated Entity)
Covad Communications Company		



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- New Providers Since Last Data Submission
 - AboveNet Communications Inc
 - Bulldog Cable Georgia, LLC
 - City of Dublin
 - Glenwood Telephone Company
 - New Edge Networks, Inc.
 - Plantation Cablevision, Inc.
 - Public Service Telephone Company
 - Hughes Network Systems
 - Open Range Communications Inc.
 - Quitman Wireless
 - StarBand Communications
- Non-Responsive/Non-Cooperative Providers
 - Kennedy CableVision Inc.
 - NuLink Digital
 - Smartresort Co, LLC dba Beyond Communications
 - Airimba and Windchannel Communications
 - Georgia Business Net
 - VectorLink

COVERAGE AREA CHANGES

- **Coverage Footprint Reductions/Map Refinement** - Resulting from Validation (Provider Portal)
 - AT&T Mobility LLC (TT-80)
 - AL-Call (TT-10 and TT-40)
 - Bright House Networks, LLC (TT-41)
 - Camden Telephone & Telegraph Company, Inc. (TT-50)
 - CenturyLink (TT-10)
 - Charter Communications Inc. (TT-41)
 - Citizens Telephone Company (TT-10 and TT-40)
 - City of Camilla (TT-40 and TT-50)
 - City of Moultrie (TT-41 and TT-50)
 - City of Thomasville (TT-40 and TT-50)
 - Cogent Communications, Inc. (TT-50)
 - Comcast Cable Communications, LLC (TT-40 and TT-41)
 - ComSouth Corporation (TT-10 and TT-50)
 - Cox Communications, Inc (TT-40)
 - Darien Telephone Company, Inc. (TT-10 and TT-41)
 - Depot Street Communications Inc (TT-41)
 - DIECA Communications, Inc. (TT-10 and TT-20)
 - Ellijay Telephone Company (TT-50)
 - Frontier Communications of Georgia, LLC (TT-10)
 - Hart Telephone Company (TT-40)
 - Level 3 Communications, LLC (TT-50)
 - Nelson-Ball Ground Telephone Company (TT-50)
 - Plant Telephone Company (TT-50)



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- **Coverage Footprint Expansion –**

- ATC Broadband LLC (TT-40)
- BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc. (TT-10)
- Blue Ridge Telephone Company (TT-10 and TT-50)
- Bulloch County Rural Telephone Cooperative, Inc. (TT-50)
- Camden Telephone & Telegraph Company, Inc. (TT-10)
- Chickamauga (TT-10)
- Citizens Telephone Company (TT-50)
- City of Cairo (TT-40 and TT-50)
- City of Elberton, Ga. (TT-41)
- ComSouth Corporation (TT-40)
- Darien Telephone Company, Inc. (TT-50)
- DIECA Communications, Inc. (TT-30)
- Ellijay Telephone Company (TT-10 and TT-40)
- Fort Valley Utility Commission (TT-50)
- Frontier Communications of Fairmount, LLC (TT-10)
- Glenwood Telephone Company (TT-20)
- Hargray Of Georgia (TT-41)
- Hart Telephone Company (TT-10)
- James Cable, LLC (TT-41)
- Kings Bay Communications (TT-50)
- Knology, Inc (TT-40 and TT-50)
- Mediacom Southeast LLC (TT-41)
- Nelson-Ball Ground Telephone Company (TT-10)
- NuLink Digital (TT-41)
- Pembroke Telephone Company, Inc (TT-10 and TT-50)
- Pineland Telephone Company, Inc. (TT-10, TT-20 and TT-50)
- Plant Tifnet (TT-40 and TT-50)
- Planters Rural Telephone Cooperative (TT-10 and TT-50)
- Progressive Rural Telephone (TT-10)
- Public Service Telephone Company (TT-10)
- Ringgold Telephone Company (TT-10 and TT-50)
- tw telecom of georgia l.p. (TT-30 and TT-50)
- Waverly Hall Telephone, LLC (TT-30)
- Waycross Cable Co. (TT-41)
- Windstream (TT-10)
- XO Communications, LLC (TT-30)
- Wilkes Telephone and Electric Co. – (TT-10 and TT-50)
 - Supporting Business coverage footprint as well

DATA CORRECTIONS

- No corrections were required for this data round



DATA VALIDATION & VERIFICATION

- Prior to data collection for Data Set 4, GTA established a set of maximum speeds by Technology Type that reflects the local practices of the state.
- For Dataset 3 and to follow up on NTIA's request, Georgia produced a summary of changes that details the specific coverage increases in miles by each operator who submitted significant changes from Dataset 2 to 3. This thorough process helped Georgia know where to focus in Dataset 4 and to watch for continued growth in Dataset 4. Overall we have seen Dataset 4's coverage reduce due to the improved census granularity of Census 2010 and diligence described below.
- Georgia introduced a service provider portal in Year 2 that allows service providers to both verify and update GIS maps of their respective coverage areas. Providers can submit CAD or GIS coverage maps to BroadMap to review in the portal or draw their own coverage shapes and streets through the portal. Over 60 of Georgia's providers used this portal in Year 2 and it allowed them to make sure we have represented their areas accurately. The portal was particularly valuable for providers that offer services over many technology types including DSL, Cable, and Fiber. These providers could make sure that, for instance, the fiber footprint was limited to downtown while cable modem services were available throughout the suburbs.
- Georgia used the Form 477 data for the first time in its verification activities for Dataset 4. This data has allowed Georgia to understand the context within which providers give their data to Georgia, and has allowed us to validate the consistency between the two data sources. Georgia has explored the purchase of MediaPrints and Pitney Bowes third party data. Georgia has not purchased MediaPrints due to accuracy concerns and has been unable to reach an agreement with Pitney Bowes. Georgia does use all central offices to evaluate the likelihood of DSL coverage.
- Georgia has introduced a new process of manual verification for Dataset 4. Using Dataset 3, Georgia identified the top providers by technology type. As Dataset 4 submissions arrived over two months, BroadMap, GTA, and Civitium met each week to examine the submissions and determine the impact of any changes. The figure below illustrates AT&T's changing wireless broadband coverage map.

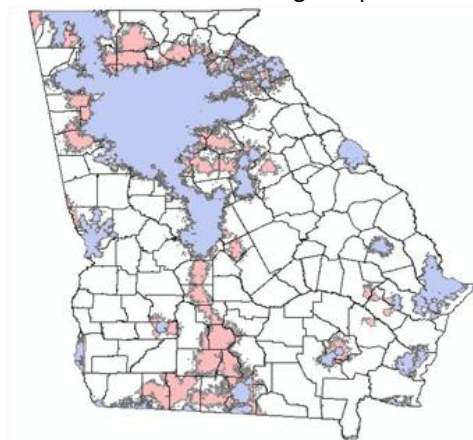


Figure1 AT&T Pink is Data Set 4, Blue is Data Set 3



COMMUNITY ANCHOR INSTITUTION (CAI) DETIALS

OVERALL STATISTICS

Community Anchor Institution - Categories	Overall Count	Broadband Subscriber (1 or 2)	Trans Tech	Advertised Speed Down	Advertised Speed Up
Category 1 - School K through 12	2065	2055	2055	2055	2055
Category 2 - Library	451	383	383	382	382
Category 3 - Medical/Healthcare	2633	0	0	0	0
Category 4 - Public Safety	2656	0	0	0	0
Category 5 - Universities/Colleges	202	99	99	99	99
Category 6 - Other: Government	747	0	0	0	0
Category 7 - Other: Non-Government	0	0	0	0	0
Total	8754	2537	2537	2536	2536

CAI CHANGES

- There were 2515 CAIIDs added to the CAI Inventory for Category 1: K-12 Schools, Category 2: Libraries and Category 5: Colleges, which were extracted from the three databases communicated by NTIA. These databases are as follows:
 - For K-12 institutions (CAI type 1) please add the NCES ID CCD ID value found here:
<http://nces.ed.gov/ccd/bat/>
 - For Higher Education (CAI type 5) please add the NCES IPEDS ID value found here:
<http://nces.ed.gov/ipeds/datacenter/>
 - For Libraries (CAI type 2) please. Combine (do not add) "FSCSKey" and "FSCs_SEQ" from the "puout08av2000" file and place them here:
<http://harvester.census.gov/imls/data/pls/index.asp> (FYI the LIBID is your state's unique ID for libraries)



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SUBMISSION RECEIPT

SUBMISSION RECEIPT RESULTS

- Attached are the results from the NTIA data submission receipt quality script.



GA_2011_10_01.txt

- Error Report
 - The only items flagged in the submission receipt output are as follows, which has been verified as correct entries within the data submission.
 - Field Check: FAILED CAInstitutions_TRANSTECH has 6217 UNEXPECTED VALUES for query: TRANSTECH <> 0 AND TRANSTECH <> 10 AND TRANSTECH <> 20 AND TRANSTECH <> 30 AND TRANSTECH <> 40 AND TRANSTECH <> 41 AND TRANSTECH <> 50 AND TRANSTECH <> 60 AND TRANSTECH <> 70 AND TRANSTECH <> 71 AND TRANSTECH <> 80 AND TRANSTECH <> 90 AND TRANSTECH <> 0
 - This was flagged due to an inconsistency between the data model and the submission receipt script, which has also been communicated by other Grantees on PBWorks.
 - Speed Tier: FAILED Go check data and keep only Maximum Advertised Speeds
 - Speed Tier: FAILED Go check data at:
d:\hudson\workspace\BDIA_SBBD_QC\SBDD_TRANSFER.gdb\Speed_FRQ
 - These two errors were flagged as the submission receipt script does not take the EndUserCat field into consideration, which differentiates between Residential and Business coverage footprints. This has also been communicated by other Grantees on PBWorks.

Hyperlink to Grantee Workspace in which the same issues were identified by other Grantees:
<https://sbdd-granteeworkspace.pbworks.com/w/page/42442088/Data%20Model%20Issues-June2011>



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HIGH-LEVEL SUMMARY

DATA GATHERING

BROADBAND SERVICE AREAS, MIDDLE MILE AGGREGATION POINTS AND BROADBAND SERVICE OVERVIEW

The collection of Broadband Service Areas, Middle Mile Aggregation Points and Broadband Service Overview information is handled through the following Provider Outreach Process:

- Build and maintain an inventory of Broadband providers through research and State inputs.
- Update provider material that describes the data requirements and logistics for data transfer.
- Update Non-Disclosure Agreement (NDA) for use in project, where applicable.
- Maintain multiple protocols for the provider to submit data, including Secure File Transfer Protocol (SFTP) technology when desired.
- Conduct one-on-one informational discussions with each provider to communicate the following:
 - Requirements of this project;
 - Broadband data required to support the product data model;
 - Submission protocols available;
 - Capability to validate how the supplied data is aggregated.
- Download/receive provider data.
- Establish a repeatable process with provider. Maintain provider communication, transaction and data handling records throughout the project (dates contacted, data received, etc.).

COMMUNITY ANCHOR INSTITUTION (CAI)

The collection of CAI information is handled through the following CAI Collection Process:

- Collect and maintain inventory of CAIs through data mining, research and State inputs.
- Maintain web-based CAI portal for institutions to add or confirm attribution, location and enter broadband-specific information.
- Upload web-based data to Core Database for standardization.
- Perform internal cleansing, such as removing duplicate records, identifying gaps in broadband attribution and verifying category.
- Geocode CAI locations.
- Translate Core Database data to deliverable-ready format.
- Continue engagement with non-responsive institutions.



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DATA INTEGRATION PROCESS

The data integration and processing mechanisms currently used allow for multiple types of inputs and result in a standardized output that meets the NTIA deliverable requirements. This flexible process supports data model changes and project-requested enhancements.

- Receive inputs from providers via submission protocols; upload into Sourcing Database and catalog with provider information.
- Review provider-supplied data for completeness and for potential discrepancies that require resolution prior to processing and flag as necessary.
- Categorize input into data-type category (addresses, block lists, paper maps, etc.).
- Standardize input based on data type within Staging Database.
- Create Compact Polygons (CP)—(internal methodology for generating area-based feature for coverage in Staging Database).
- Apply broadband attribution to CP; apply metadata to CP.
- Perform quality analysis of the CP against the source supplied to identify any completeness or accuracy issues.
- Request additional information from the provider if elements of coverage are missing or contain discrepancies. This is a second manual quality check to ensure data is complete.
 - Process coverage area to build the required NTIA data model layers.
- Process CAI data input into internal standardized format, as discussed above in the [Community Anchor Institution \(CAI\) subsection](#), based on NTIA and State-level requirements.

DATA VALIDATION AND VERIFICATION

Following the creation of the product, process steps within Data Validation and Verification occur. To ensure the data collected and processed is as accurate and comprehensive as possible, provider validation and internal verification activities are employed. After the initial mapping of providers' coverage areas and serviceability claims, additional reviews are performed using the methods described in the subsections below ([Third-Party Data Verification](#), [Broadband Provider Validation](#), [Confidence Values](#)).

THIRD-PARTY DATA VERIFICATION

The coverage is visually and programmatically compared against third-party data. For this data submission, Form 477 data was used; however we are reviewing other sources for further verification. All anomalies identified during this analysis are reviewed with the providers.

BROADBAND PROVIDER VALIDATION—PROVIDER PORTAL APPLICATION

Providers are trained on and requested to use a secure interactive web application to review their current coverage area(s) and supporting broadband attribution and validate their data or submit change requests to update their data. All provider change requests go through the [Data Integration Process](#) and are reviewed with the provider to complete validation.



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CONFIDENCE VALUES

All verification, validation and manual quality review results are tracked by provider/technology type and stored and maintained within a **Validation table**. A confidence value is assigned, based on internal assessments of the collected information, to highlight the provider coverage areas and/or attributions that would benefit from further investigation and/or enhancements.

QUALITY CONTROL

Following collection, processing and analysis of the provider and CAI data, the product is checked manually and algorithmically against the NTIA data model. Some of the items included within these checks are:

- Format correctness;
- Table and field structure;
- Valid values, including default values, where applicable;
- Geographic extent and topology errors.

Prior to data submission, another quality control script supplied by NTIA is run. This script, SBDD_CheckSubmission.py, creates an output in text form that is required to be submitted along with the final deliverable. All errors must come up clean, unless otherwise specified by NTIA. Exceptions to the script as noted by NTIA on the SBDD Workspace on 03/25/11 can be found at the following link: <https://sbdd-granteeworkspace.pbworks.com/w/page/38218329/CheckSubmissionExceptions>

- Longitude values for States outside the lower 48 (any table);
- CAI results for Transtech, MaxAdUp, MaxAdDown if BBService is "No" or "Unknown";
- Overview MaxAdDown, MaxAdUp if 100% of record-level data has MaxAdDown or MaxAdUp populated.



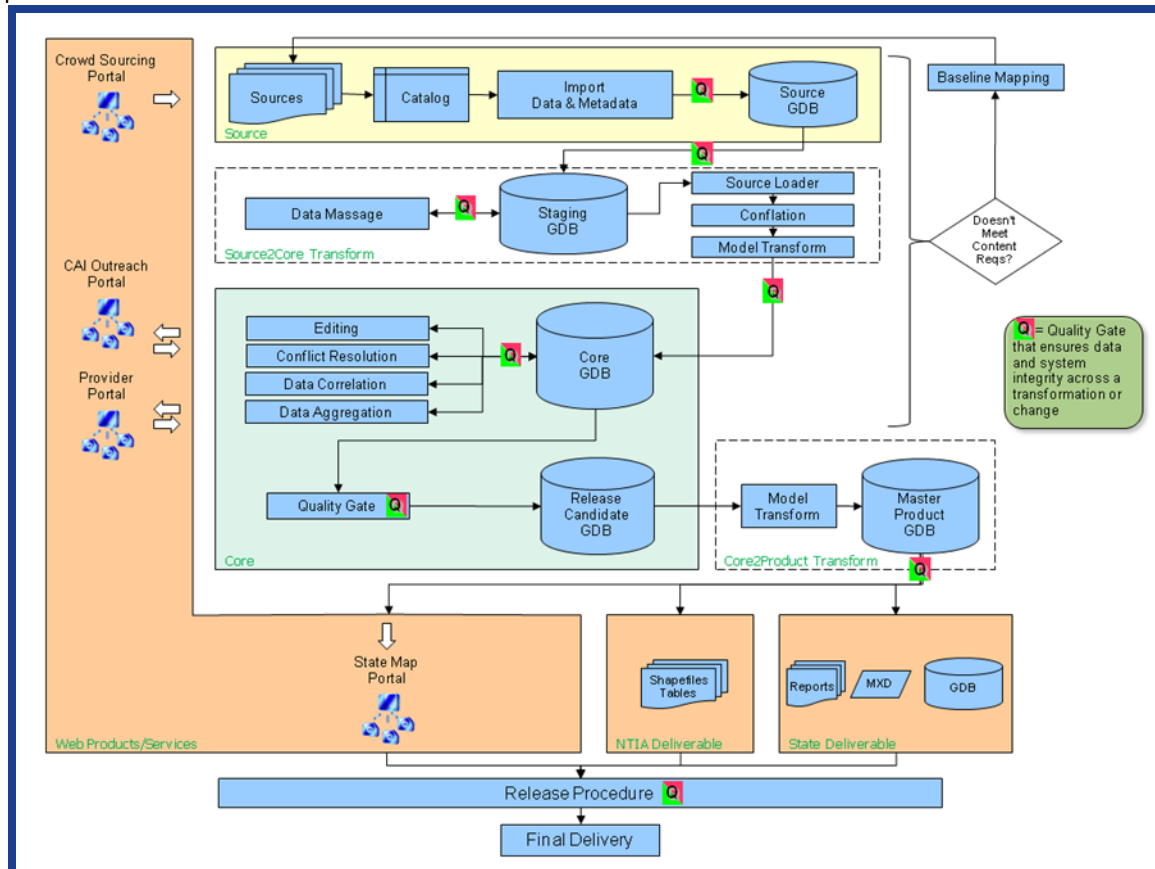
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DETAILED PROCESS REVIEW

A detailed review of the data collection, integration and quality control points within the broadband data gathering and mapping process are discussed in the subsections that follow. In addition, a diagram showing the overall process can be seen below.



PROVIDER OUTREACH

For the October 2011 data submission, an e-mail notification was sent to all providers with supporting deliverable dates. The providers mainly used the Provider Portal web application to submit changes to and/or validate their current coverage area(s).

In support of the data collection effort, providers that did not timely respond to the outreach were contacted by phone.



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OUTREACH MATERIALS

The original provider packet sent via e-mail to the providers included the following documents and files:

- Letter from the State inviting them to participate in the program;
- Copy of the Non-Disclosure Agreement (NDA);
- Copy of the Mapping NOFA from the NTIA;
- Copy of the NOFA Clarification from the NTIA;
- Broadband service address example file in CSV format;
- Word document describing service address example file;
- Broadband service block example file in CSV format;
- Word document describing service block example file;
- Broadband service street example file in CSV format;
- Word document describing service street example file;
- Broadband subscriber example file in CSV format;
- Word document describing subscriber example file;
- Broadband wireless coverage area sample shapefile;
- Word document describing wireless coverage area sample shapefile;
- Instructions for downloading, installing and using the WinSCP SFTP application.

OUTREACH PROCESS

The provider outreach process is comprised of the following general steps:

- Send the provider package and introduction letter to the main point of contact for the provider.
- Follow up with e-mail and telephone to verify that the main point of contact is correct.
- If necessary, discuss the NDA further and resolve any redlines.
- Once the correct primary contact is established, set up a telephone call, if necessary, to learn more about the provider's offerings and direct them to the appropriate outreach materials.
- If providers are unable to be contacted (non-responsive) or indicate that they are not interested in participating (non-cooperative), mark them as such on the provider tracking sheet. These providers will be escalated to the State for further action.
- As the providers are collecting the required data, provide instructions on downloading, installing and using the WinSCP SFTP application, if required.
- Arrange with the providers to transfer the data in whatever way they are comfortable: some providers will find regular email acceptable; others will want to use the SFTP application.
- After data is received and reviewed, it may be necessary to contact a provider for clarification or to address incomplete datasets. In the interest of building and maintaining relationships, care is given not to push the provider but to work with it to obtain accurate data in the best possible format.



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DATA COLLECTION

DATA TRANSFER PROCEDURES

There are three primary ways data is collected from providers. These are:

- Secure FTP (SFTP) using the WinSCP application;
- Regular e-mail;
- Mail.

INITIAL DATA REVIEW AND QUALITY ASSURANCE

The initial data review and quality assurance process consists of the following general steps:

- 1) Access the data from the SFTP site or e-mail.
 - a. If e-mailed, place copy of original dataset in the appropriate provider folder on the SFTP site.
- 2) Place copy of raw data on local computer in a working directory.
- 3) Review data and determine course of action based on type of data received.
- 4) Ensure data is complete and contact provider to address any gaps.

NOTE:

The goal is to get as many providers as possible to provide subscriber address data in the correct format. Obviously, this will not be possible with all providers so we will continue to have to process various types of provider-supplied data.

DATA INGESTION

DATA INGESTION OVERVIEW

The following subsections outline the process steps taken based on the type of input supplied by the data provider:

- **Point Data:**
 - Subscriber location;
 - DSLAM location;
 - Central Office location;
 - Broadcast Tower location.
- **Linear Data:**
 - TIGER® street segments.
- **Polygonal Data:**
 - Census Blocks;
 - Coverage Area.

Overall, the process is geared toward taking the provider data supplied and creating polygon shapes to append to the bb_cov feature class. The bb_cov feature class is the interim dataset that is then processed using the makeDeliverable.py Python script to create the MapConnect™ data layers that will be delivered to the State and, ultimately, to the NTIA. Detailed instructions used in this process can be found in the subsections below.



POINT DATA

SUBSCRIBER LOCATION—ADDRESS DATA

In the event that the data provider supplies subscriber address data, the steps are as follows:

- 1) First, convert the address data to a clean Excel spreadsheet in an appropriate address data format.
 - a. Usually, this has the following columns: street address (number, pre-directional, pre-modifier, street name, street type, post-directional and post-modifier concatenated), city, state, ZIP.
- 2) Configure the ArcGIS® geocoding tool to use the TIGER® 2009 streets dataset.
 - a. In ArcCatalog®, create a new Address Locator by right-clicking in the white space of the appropriate directory and selecting **New>Address Locator** from the dropdown menu.
 - b. Select **US Streets with Zone** and click **OK**.

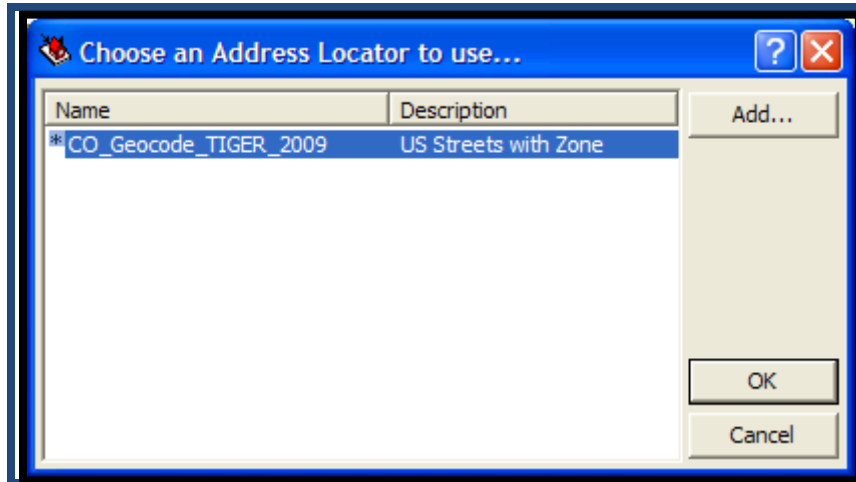
NOTE:

It is likely that multiple Address Locators will have to be set up to handle the variety of provider address data received.

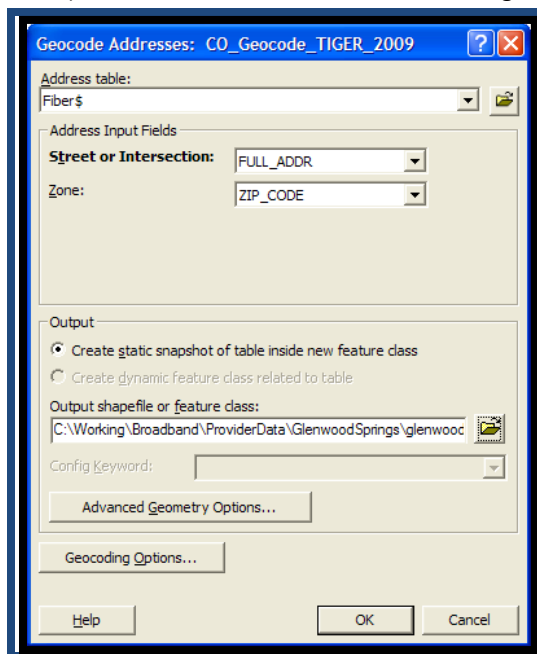
- c. Navigate to the **TIGER Streets 2009** file and click **OK**.
- d. Fill in the dialog box, as shown below:



- e. Click **OK**.
- 3) Open ArcMap® and add the Excel spreadsheet with the address information.
- 4) Right-click on the Excel spreadsheet and select **Geocode Addresses** from the dropdown menu.
- 5) Select the appropriate address locator by clicking **Add...**, then **OK**.



- 6) Fill out the **Geocode Addresses** dialog box, as shown below:



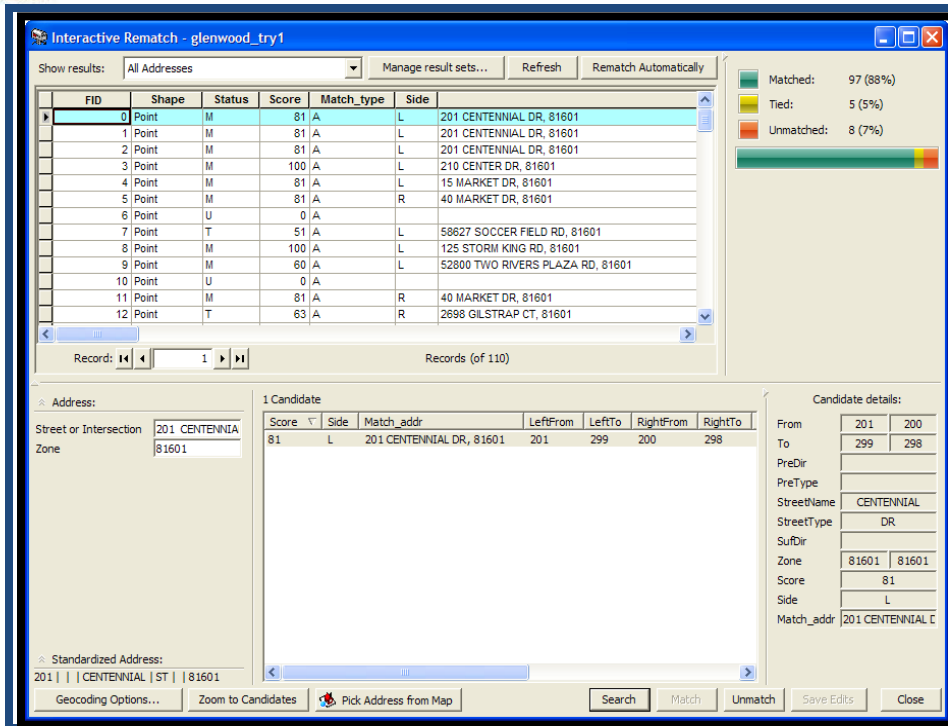
- 7) Geocode the list in batch mode using the geocode service set up in **Step 2** above, accepting all the default parameters.
- 8) Review results. See example below.



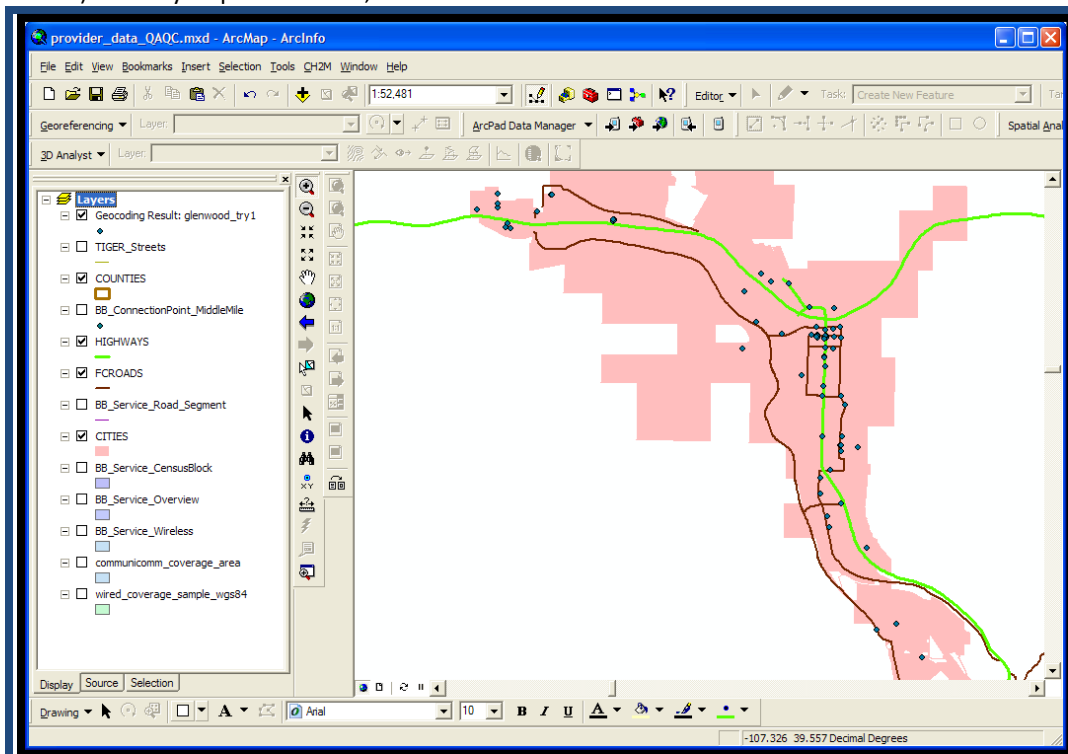
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- 9) Adjust geocoding parameters accordingly and repeat batch to resolve issues.
- 10) Manually geocode unmatched addresses until target hit rate achieved, generally 90%.
- 11) Visually inspect the data, as shown below:



- 12) Follow the steps detailed in [Subscriber Location—GIS Data](#) below.



SUBSCRIBER LOCATION—XY DATA

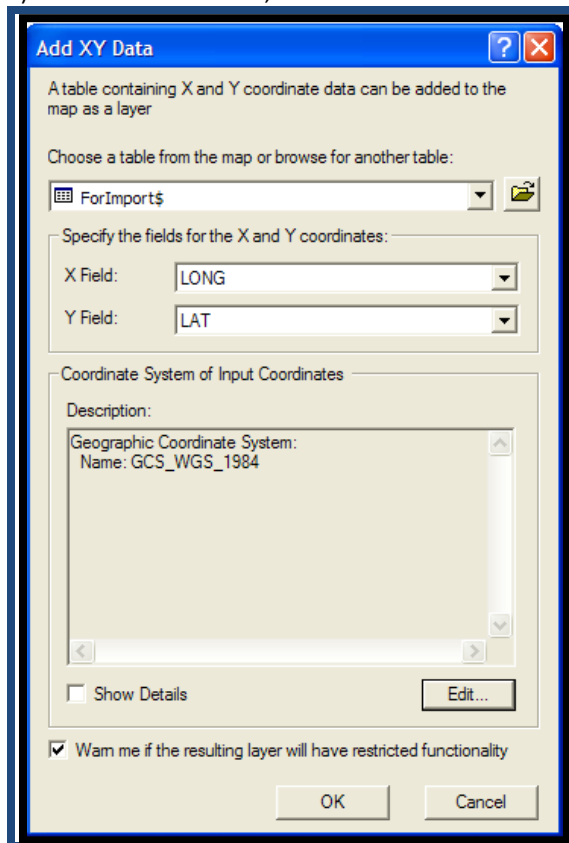
If the provider supplies a list of subscriber data with accompanying XY data such as latitude and longitude, the steps are as follows:

- 1) Refine the format in Excel so that the data can be opened easily using ArcMap®.
 - a. Remove all font color, highlighting, cell colors and borders, clean up column headers and make certain there are no merged cells.
 - b. Make certain that XY locations are in decimal degrees.
 - (i.) To convert from degrees, minutes, seconds (39° 26' 45.67") to decimal degrees, use the following formula: $DD + (MM/60) + (SS.SSS/3600)$.

NOTE:

If XY locations from some other coordinate system are provided, you can use those in the process below but you must know what the coordinate system is.

- 2) Open the Excel worksheet in ArcMap®.
- 3) From the menu bar, select **Tools>Add XY Data...**



- 4) Supply the appropriate fields for the X and Y coordinates, choose the appropriate coordinate system and click **OK**.
- 5) Results are an event layer, not a true spatial layer. Export the data by right-clicking the event layer and selecting **Data>Export Data...** from the dropdown menu.
- 6) Follow the steps detailed in [Subscriber Location—GIS Data below](#).



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SUBSCRIBER LOCATION—GIS DATA

If the provider supplies subscriber location in GIS format, the only process step is to load that data into the appropriate data schema and it will be ready for processing.

- 1) First, load the data into the Point Address database schema using an empty feature class in that schema.
- 2) In ArcCatalog®, right-click on the empty feature class and select **Load** from the dropdown menu.
- 3) Navigate to the provider address GIS dataset and then map the attribute fields accordingly, as shown below:

The Simple Data Loader dialog box is shown with the title bar 'Simple Data Loader' and a close button. Below the title bar, it says 'For each target field, select the source field that should be loaded into it.' There is a table with two columns: 'Target Field' and 'Matching Source Field'. The table contains the following rows:

Target Field	Matching Source Field
street_id [int]	<None>
side [string]	<None>
feature_id [int]	<None>
point_type [short int]	<None>
add_house_num [string]	BLDG_NUM [string]
add_pre_dir [string]	PRE_DIR [string]
add_pre_type [string]	<None>
add_name_body [string]	STREET_NM [string]
add_suf_type [string]	SUF_TYPE [string]
add_suf_dir [string]	SUF_TYPE [string]

Below the table is a 'Reset' button. At the bottom of the dialog are three buttons: '< Back', 'Next >', and 'Cancel'.

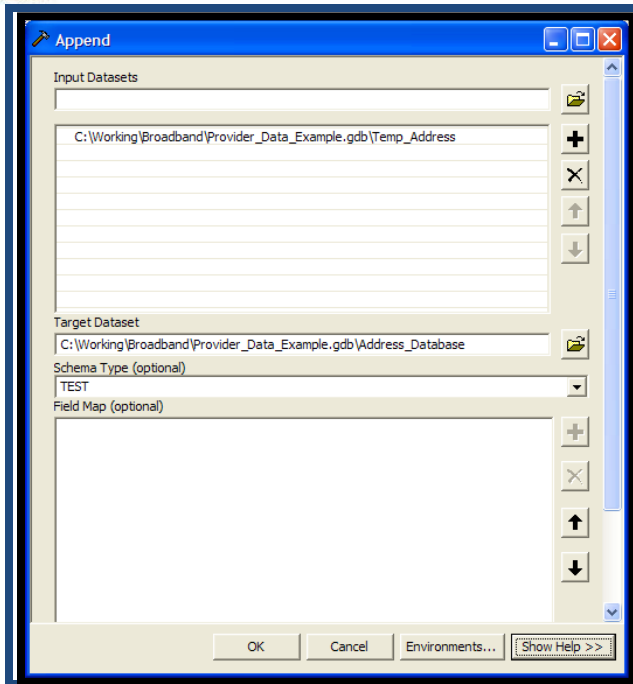
- 4) Once you have successfully loaded the provider address data into the temporary database with the correct schema, you now will append that data to the overall Point Address database.
- 5) In ArcToolbox®, use the **Append** command (**Data Management Tools>General> Append**) to add the features into the overall Point Address database, as shown below:



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- 6) Since the data is already in the Point Address database schema, there is no need to alter the Field Map in the Append tool.
- 7) After appending, calculate metadata reflecting geometry source and representation values.
- 8) Break provider-specific points into separate county feature classes and perform the following steps per county feature class:
 - a. Within ArcGIS®:
 - (i.) Summarize download and upload speeds [first,last] to determine all speeds available for county.
 - (1) This will save as a DBF table. Keep track of location for future reference.
 - (ii.) Buffer county address point featureclass to 150'.
 - (1) During buffer command, dissolve on ad_down; ad_up; provider; dba; frn; tt; all metadata fields; stctyfps. Save as.... county_fastestdown_fastestup.
 - (2) Example using Qwest data: boulder_40128_20128, where boulder=county; 40128=ad_down; 20128=ad_up.

NOTE:

These attribute fields are specific to the Point Address database.

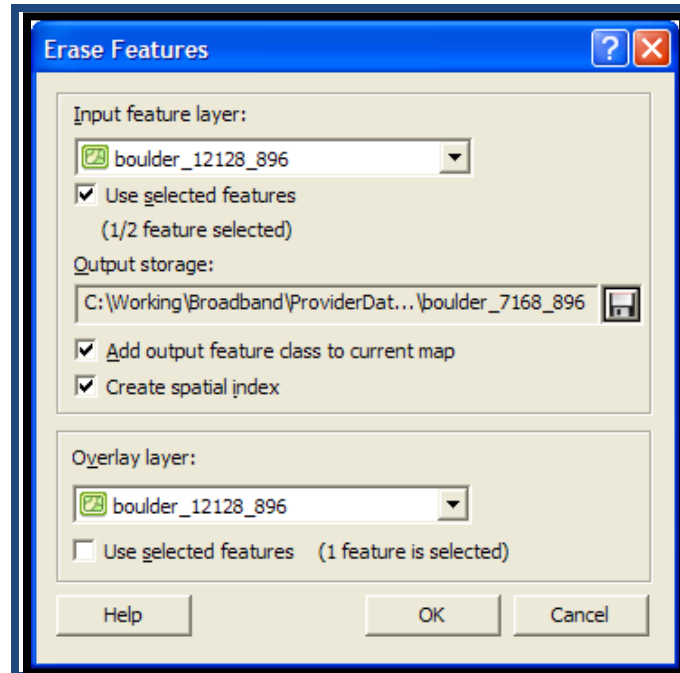
- (iii.) Select the features that represent the lowest speeds.
- b. Using XtoolsPro (<http://www.xtoolspro.com/>):
 - (i.) In the XTools Pro toolbar, select **XTools Pro>Layer Operations>Erase Features**.
 - (ii.) Use the same feature class for Input and Overlay.
 - (iii.) Check **Use selected features** on the Input feature, as shown below.
 - (iv.) Repeat and erase slowest speeds one speed at a time. Save each new feature class as the next slowest speed, using the same naming convention as shown in **a.(ii.)(1)** above. A general example is shown below:



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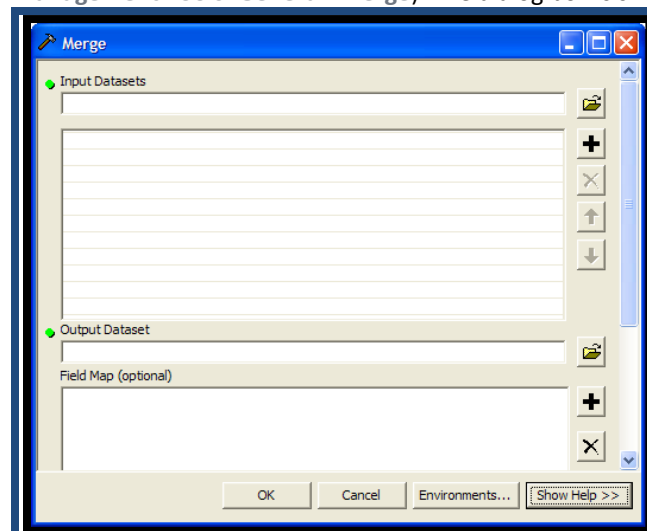


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c. Return to ArcGIS®:

- (i.) Edit/delete speeds from the attribution table of each feature class, so each remaining feature class has only one speed value.
- (ii.) Merge individual speed feature classes using the **Merge** command in ArcToolbox® (**Data Management Tools>General>Merge**). The dialog box is shown below:



- (iii.) Merge individual county feature classes using the **Merge** command in ArcToolbox (**Data Management Tools>General>Merge**).
- (iv.) Since the county files are all in the same schema, DO NOT alter the Field Map portion of the command interface.



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- (v.) When all the county files are merged into one dataset, use the **Append** command in ArcToolbox® (**Data Management Tools>General>Append**) to add the features to the bb_cov interim dataset. Use the **Field Map** portion of the **Append** tool to map the appropriate field values to their corresponding fields in the bb_cov feature class.

DSLAM OR CENTRAL OFFICE LOCATION—ADDRESS DATA

In the event that the provider supplies DSLAM (digital subscriber line access multiplexer) or Central Office address data, the steps are as follows:

- 1) Follow the process for geocoding points in **Subscriber Location—Address Data** above.
- 2) Follow the steps detailed in **DSLAM or Central Office Location—GIS Data** below.

DSLAM OR CENTRAL OFFICE LOCATION—XY DATA

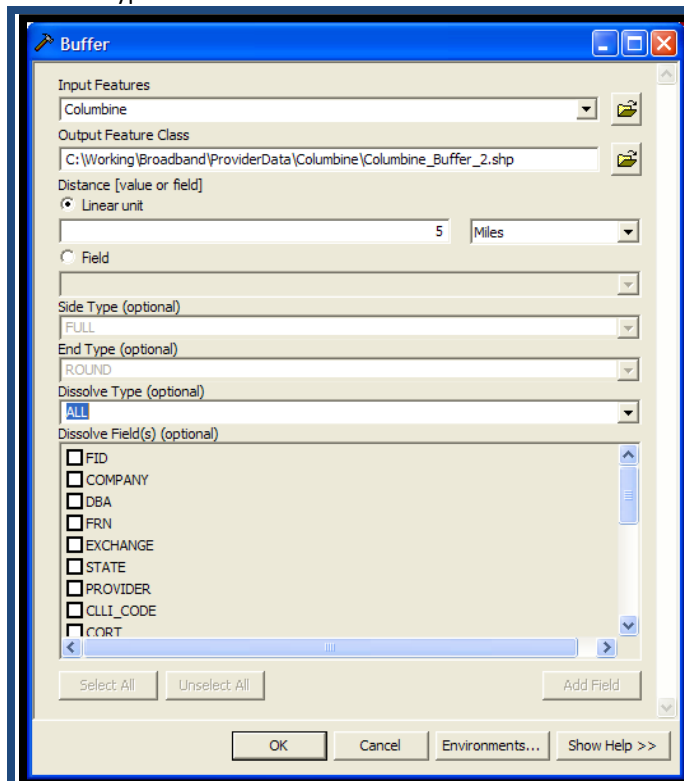
In the event that the provider supplies DSLAM (digital subscriber line access multiplexer) or Central Office XY data, the steps are as follows:

- 1) Follow the process for creating points from XY data in **Subscriber Location—XY Data** above.
- 2) Follow the steps detailed in **DSLAM or Central Office Location—GIS Data** below.

DSLAM OR CENTRAL OFFICE LOCATION—GIS DATA

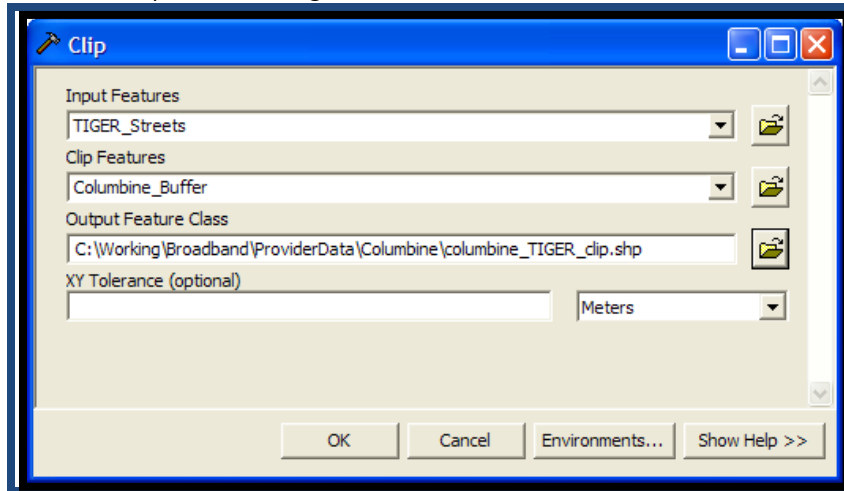
In the event that the provider supplies DSLAM (digital subscriber line access multiplexer) or Central Office GIS data, the steps are as follows:

- 1) Buffer the DSLAM/Central Office points feature class.
 - a. Add the point feature class to ArcMap®.
 - b. Open the ArcToolbox® and go to **Analysis Tools>Proximity>Buffer**.
 - c. Set the buffer distance to 5 miles.
 - d. Set the dissolve type to **ALL**.
 - e. Name the output feature class.
 - f. Typical **Buffer** tool is shown below:






- g. Click **OK**.
- 2) Use the resulting buffer feature class to clip the TIGER® street layer:
 - a. Add TIGER® street layer to ArcMap®.
 - b. Open the ArcToolbox® and go to **Analysis Tools>Extract>Clip**.
 - c. Complete the dialog box as shown below:



- d. Click **OK**.
- 3) Using ArcCatalog® and within the file geodatabase:
 - a. Right-click and create a new Feature Dataset.
 - (i.) For the Feature Dataset settings:
 - (1) Name the feature dataset accordingly.
 - (2) Select horizontal coordinate system by importing the coordinate system associated with the clipped TIGER® street layer by selecting **Import** and navigating to the location of that feature class.
 - (3) No vertical coordinate system needed.
 - (4) Leave all x,y,z,m values at default.
 - (5) Click **Finish**.
 - 4) Import previously created street feature class into new **Feature Dataset**.
 - 5) Right-click **Feature Dataset** and create new Network Dataset—accept all default setting for the Network Dataset.

NOTE:

The Network Analyst extension must be turned on.

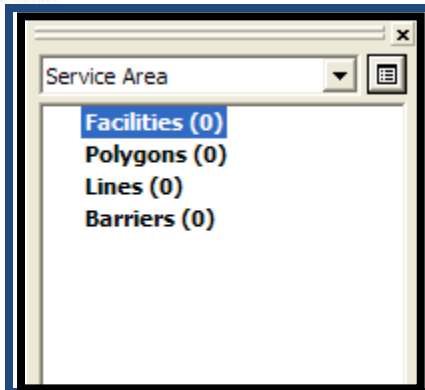
- 6) In ArcMap® turn on the **Network Analyst Toolbar** by going to **View>Toolbars>Network Analyst**.
- 7) Add the Network Dataset created in **Step 5** to ArcMap.
- 8) Using the **Network Analyst Toolbar** dropdown, create **New Service Area**.
- 9) Open the **Network Analyst Window** by selecting the  button. See below.



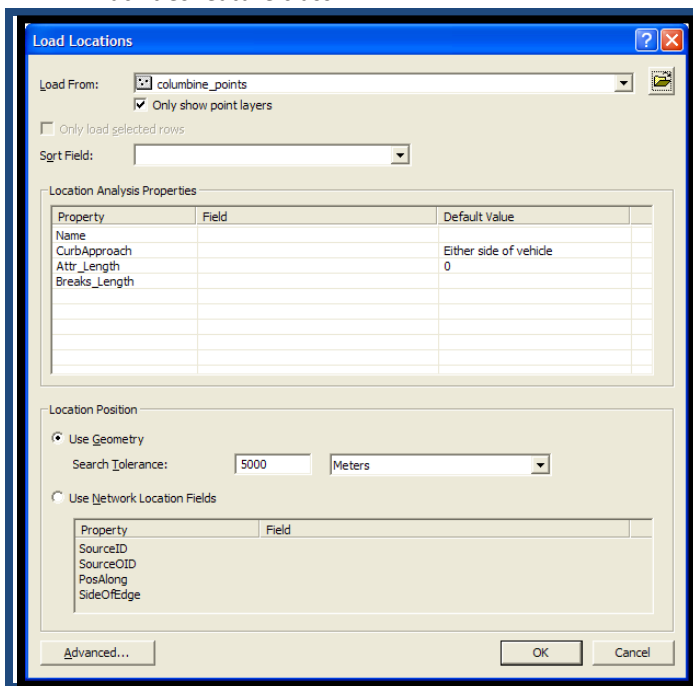
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- 10) Right-click **Facilities** layer, select **Load Locations** and navigate to the DSLAM/Central Office facilities feature class.



- 11) Click **OK**.

- 12) Click the **Service Area Properties** button .

- 13) For the following tabs, change the following properties:

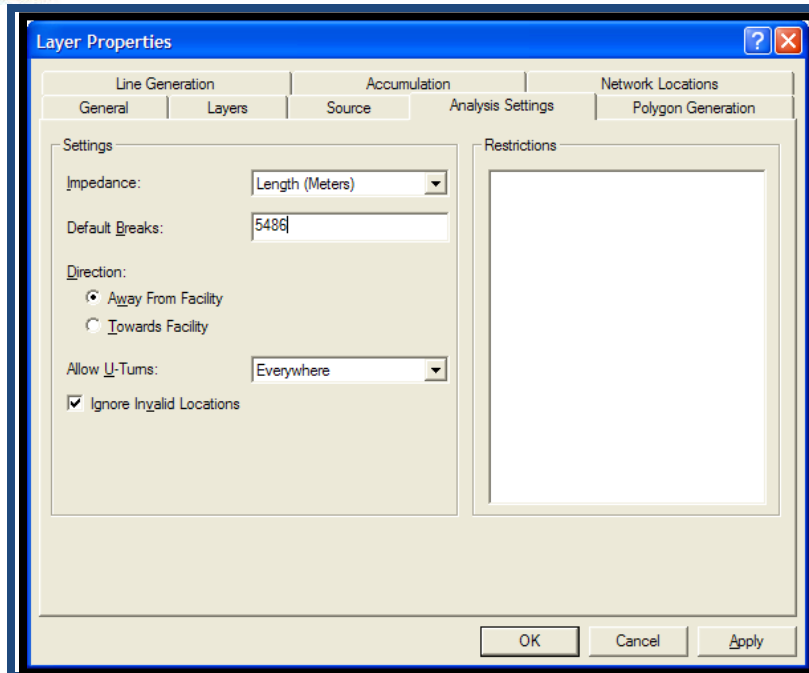
- a. **Polygon Generation** tab:
 - (i.) Select **Merge by break value**.
 - (ii.) Also disable the **Trim Polygons** option.
- b. **Analysis Settings** tab—using and converting the specified DSLAM buffer distance from feet to meters—input buffer distance value in meters into the **Default Breaks** location.
 - (i.) Generally, 18,000 feet (5486 meters) from DSLAM or Central Office location is used as the buffer distance. See below.




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c. Click **OK**.

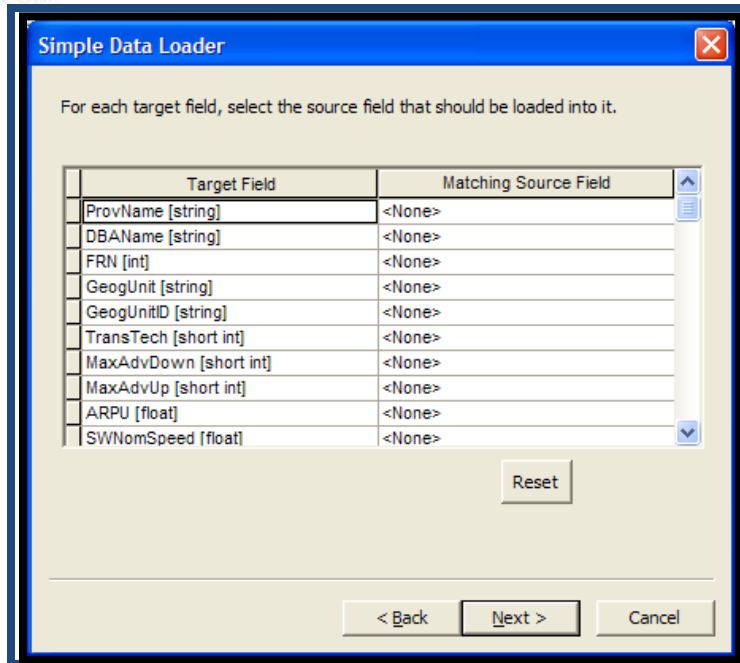
- 14) On the **Network Analyst Toolbar**, click the **Solve** button  to create service area polygons.
- 15) Right-click on the created service area polygon in the layer list, and select **Data>Export Data** from the dropdown list.
- 16) Export to a feature class in the file geodatabase you created earlier.
- 17) In ArcCatalog®, create an empty feature class with the schema of the bb_cov feature class and load the feature class created in **Step 16** into it.
 - a. Right-click on the empty feature class, select **Load>Load Data** from the dropdown menu and navigate to the location of the service area feature class.
 - b. Click the **Add** button, then click **Next**.
 - c. Accept the defaults and click **Next**.
 - d. DO NOT attempt to map any fields, as shown below:



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Simple Data Loader

For each target field, select the source field that should be loaded into it.

Target Field	Matching Source Field
ProvName [string]	<None>
DBAName [string]	<None>
FRN [int]	<None>
GeogUnit [string]	<None>
GeogUnitID [string]	<None>
TransTech [short int]	<None>
MaxAdvDown [short int]	<None>
MaxAdvUp [short int]	<None>
ARPU [float]	<None>
SWNomSpeed [float]	<None>

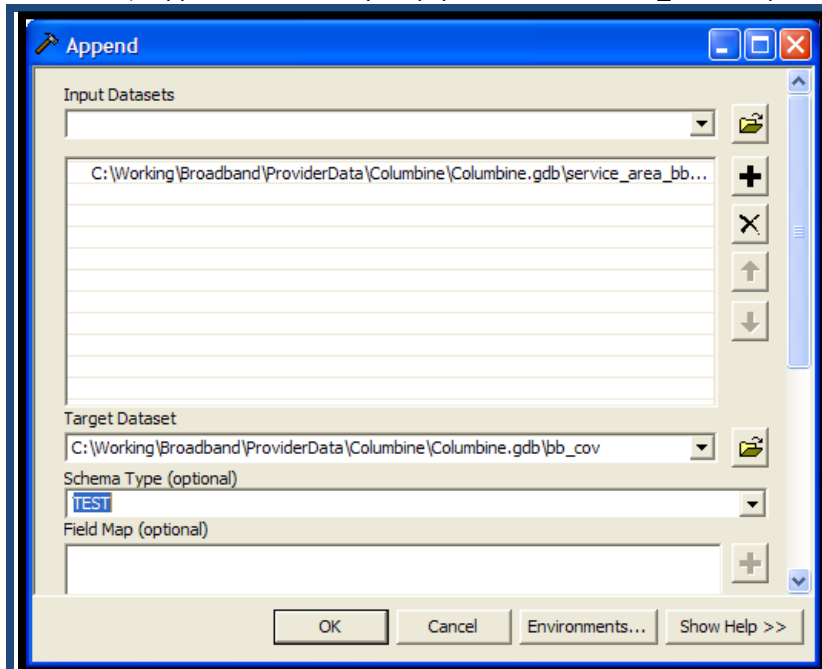
Reset

< Back Next > Cancel

e. Click **Next**, then **Next** again, then **Finish**.

18) In ArcToolbox®, go to **Data Management Tools>General>Append**.

19) Append the formerly empty feature class to bb_cov, completing the dialog box, as shown below:



Append

Input Datasets

C:\Working\Broadband\ProviderData\Columbine\Columbine.gdb\service_area_bb...

Target Dataset

C:\Working\Broadband\ProviderData\Columbine\Columbine.gdb\bb_cov

Schema Type (optional)

TEST

Field Map (optional)

OK Cancel Environments... Show Help >>

20) Leave the **Schema Type** as TEST.

21) Click **OK**.

22) In ArcMap®, open bb_cov for editing and manually input associated attribution.



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BROADCAST TOWER LOCATION—ADDRESS DATA

In the event that the provider supplies wireless broadcast tower location address data, the steps are as follows:

- 1) Follow the process for geocoding points in **Subscriber Location—Address Data** above.
- 2) Follow the steps detailed in **Broadcast Tower Location—GIS Data** below.

BROADCAST TOWER LOCATION—XY DATA

In the event that the provider supplies wireless broadcast tower location XY data, the steps are as follows:

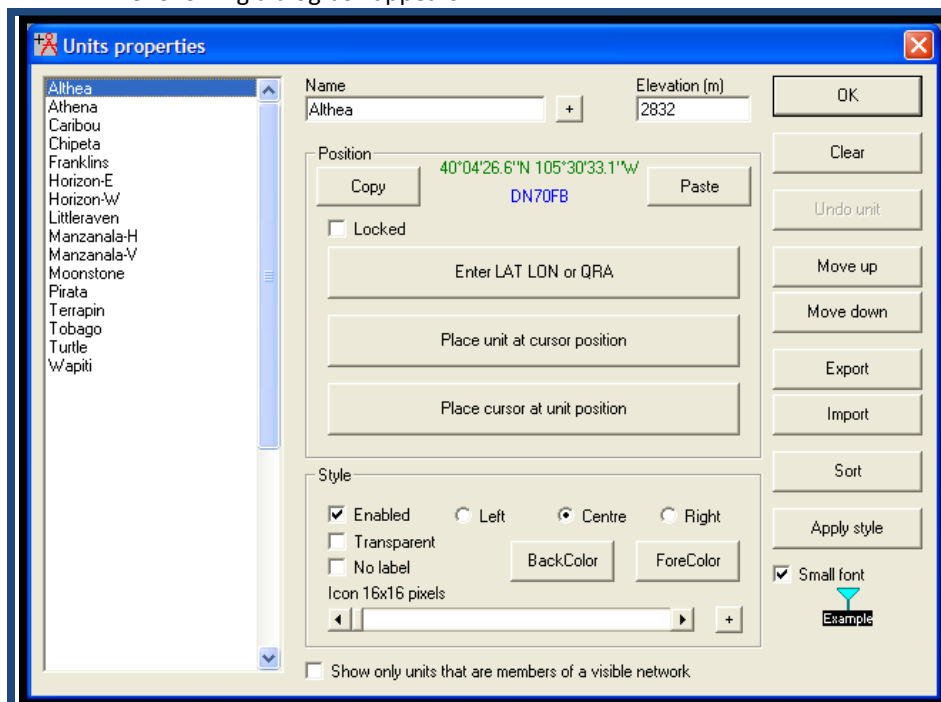
- 1) Follow the process for creating points from XY data in **Subscriber Location—XY Data** above.
- 2) Follow the steps detailed in **Broadcast Tower Location—GIS Data** below.

BROADCAST TOWER LOCATION—GIS DATA

In the event that the provider supplies wireless broadcast tower location GIS data, the steps are as follows:

- 1) Download the required software (Radio Mobile) from the website:
<http://www.cplus.org/rmw/english1.html>
- 2) Install the software according to the standard directions, found here:
<http://www.cplus.org/rmw/download/download.php?S=1>
- 3) Open the application.
- 4) Load the broadcast tower location and elevation information by selecting **File>Unit properties**.

The following dialog box appears:



- 5) Add the information for all the towers supplied by the WISP data provider, including the elevation. If provider does not supply elevation, this information can be obtained from Google Earth.
 - a. If available, use the **Import** button to import a Google Earth KML of the tower locations.
- 6) Go to the National Map Seamless Server (<http://seamless.usgs.gov/>) and download elevation data sufficient to contain the tower locations.

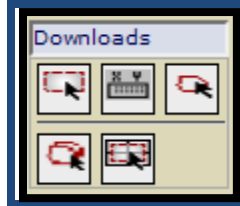


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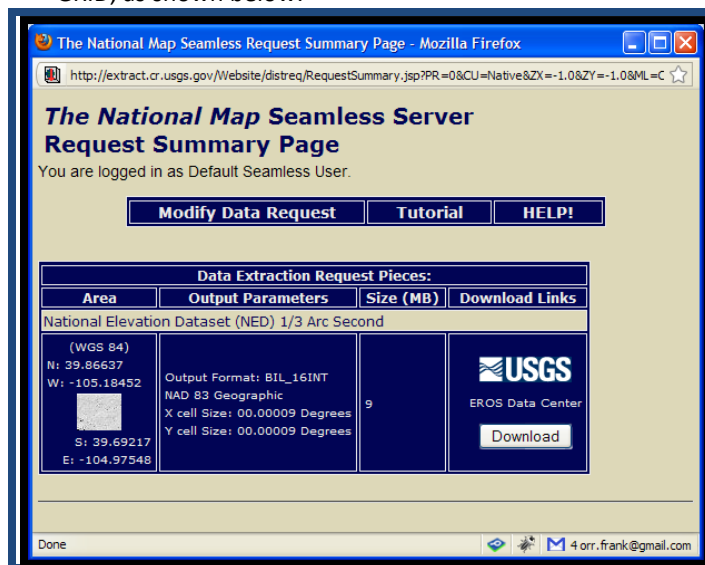


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- a. At least the 1/3" NED data is needed. Select this by clicking the **Download** button in the upper right of the website and checking the box next to **1/3" NED**.
- b. Zoom to the area of interest and use the **Download** tools to define the area to download:



- c. Click the **Modify Data Request** button to request the data in BIL_16INT format, not ESRI GRID, as shown below:



- d. Download the data and unzip it.
- 7) Select **File>Map Properties** to define the map.
- 8) Enter a latitude and longitude in the center of the tower locations.
- 9) Set the size (in pixels) and the size (in kilometers) of the map.
- 10) Set the directory path leading to the BIL elevation data just downloaded.
- 11) The dialog box is shown below:



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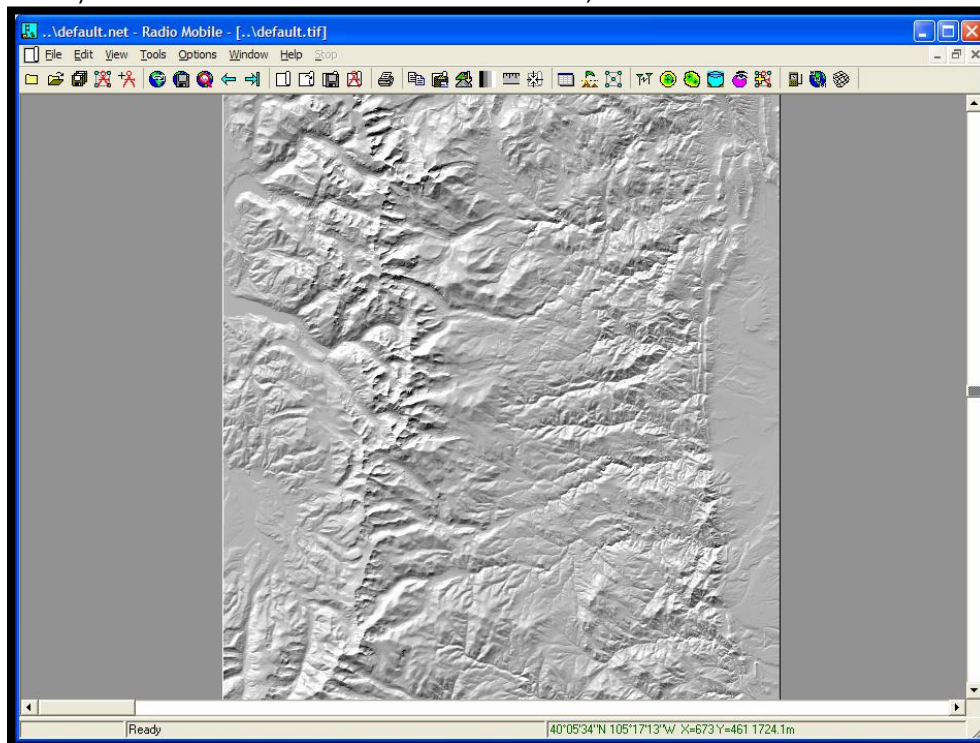


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The dialog box titled "Properties of ..\default.map" contains several sections. On the left, under "Centre", are fields for Latitude (40.058) and Longitude (-105.491), a "Use cursor position" button, a "World map" button, a "Select a city name" button, an "Enter LAT LON or QRA" button, and a "Select a unit" dropdown. Below these are checkboxes for "Adjust units elevation", "Merge pictures", and "Force gray scale". On the right, there are sections for "Size (pixel)" and "Size (km)", each with "Width" and "Height" fields set to 1000 and 100.00 respectively. Below these is the "Elevation data source" section with a "Drive or path" dropdown set to "BIL", a text field "c:\geodata\bil\boulder", and a "Top layer" dropdown. There are four "Browse..." buttons for the "Top layer" and "Bottom layer" sections. At the bottom right, corner coordinates are listed: Top Left (40°30'29"N 106°04'44"W), Top Right (40°30'29"N 104°54'11"W), Bottom Left (39°36'29"N 106°04'44"W), and Bottom Right (39°36'29"N 104°54'11"W). The "Resolution" is 100.0 m/pixel and 3.24 arcsecond. An "Extract" button is at the top right, and a "Cancel" button is below it.

12) Click **Extract**.

13) The elevation data is rendered as a hill shade, as shown below:



14) Select **File>Network properties** from the main menu.

15) Create a new network and enter in the frequency range under the **Parameters** tab, as shown below:



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Networks properties

List of all nets

- Nednet
- Jade
- Ouray
- CDMobile
- Nedernet**
- Net 6
- Net 7
- Net 8
- Net 9
- Net 10
- Net 11
- Net 12
- Net 13
- Net 14
- Net 15
- Net 16
- Net 17
- Net 18
- Net 19
- Net 20
- Net 21
- Net 22
- Net 23
- Net 24
- Net 25

Default parameters | Copy Net | Paste Net | Cancel | OK

Parameters | Topology | Membership | Systems | Style

Net name: Nedernet

Surface refractivity (N-Units): 301

Ground conductivity (S/m): 0.005

Relative ground permittivity: 15

Minimum frequency (MHz): 2400

Maximum frequency (MHz): 2400

Polarization: ☒ Vertical ☐ Horizontal

Mode of variability: ☒ Spot ☐ Accidental ☐ Mobile ☐ Broadcast

% of time: 50

% of locations: 50

% of situations: 70

Climate: ☐ Equatorial ☐ Continental sub-tropical ☐ Maritime sub-tropical ☐ Desert ☒ Continental temperate ☐ Maritime temperate over land ☐ Maritime temperate over sea

16) Leave all the other values as they appear, and select the **Systems** tab.

17) Create enough systems to cover all the varieties of equipment in the provider network. This will include the antenna type, height and line loss, as shown below:

Networks properties

List of all systems

- Omni**
- 60
- 120
- System 4
- System 5
- System 6
- System 7
- System 8
- System 9
- System 10
- System 11
- System 12
- System 13
- System 14
- System 15
- System 16
- System 17
- System 18
- System 19
- System 20
- System 21
- System 22
- System 23
- System 24
- System 25

Default parameters | Copy Net | Paste Net | Cancel | OK

Parameters | Topology | Membership | **Systems** | Style

01 | Select from Radiosys01.dat

System name: Omni

Transmit power (Watt): 100 (dBm): 50

Receiver threshold (μV): 1 (dBm): -107

Line loss (dB): 1 [Cable+cavities+connectors]

Antenna type: omni.ant View

Antenna gain (dBi): 15 (dBd): 12.85

Antenna height (m): 9 (Above ground)

Additional cable loss (dB/m): 0 (If antenna height differs)

Add to Radiosys01.dat Remove from Radiosys01.dat



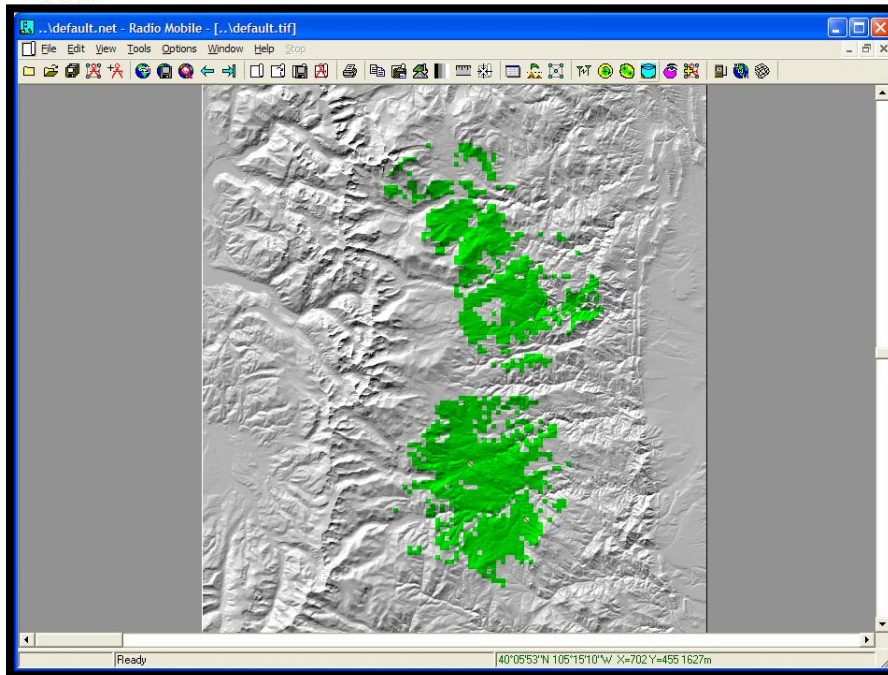
- 18) Now click on the **Membership** tab, and assign the individual towers to their respective systems, providing the azimuth for non-omnidirectional antennas, as shown below:

The 'Networks properties' dialog box is shown with the 'Membership' tab selected. On the left, a list of networks includes 'Nednet', 'Jade', 'Ouray', 'COMobile', 'Nedernet', and 'Net 6' through 'Net 25'. 'Nedernet' is selected. The 'List of all units' on the right includes 'Althea', 'Athena', 'Caribou', 'Chipeta', 'Franklins', 'Horizon-E', 'Horizon-W', 'Littleraven', 'Manzanala-H', 'Manzanala-V', 'Moonstone', 'Pirata', 'Terrapin', 'Tobago', 'Turtle', and 'Wapiti'. All units are checked. The 'Member of Nedernet' section shows 'Role of Athena' set to 'Command' and 'System' set to '60'. The 'Antenna height (m)' section has 'System' selected with a value of '9', and 'Other' is set to '0.5'. The 'Antenna direction' section has 'Fixed (*)' selected, 'Azimuth (*)' set to '90', and 'Elevation angle (*)' set to '0'. A 'View pattern' button is at the bottom.

- 19) Click **OK**.
20) Select **Tools>Radio Coverage>Combined Cartesian** from the main menu.
21) Complete the dialog box as shown below, providing the **Maximum Range** from the highest tower beam radius supplied by the provider.
22) Set the **Pixel Size** at 5 (experiment depending on the area covered to get the right level of granularity), as shown below:

The 'Combined cartesian Radio coverage' dialog box is shown. On the left, a list of fixed units includes 'Althea', 'Athena', 'Caribou', 'Chipeta', 'Franklins', 'Horizon-E', 'Horizon-W', 'Littleraven', 'Manzanala-H', 'Manzanala-V', 'Moonstone', 'Pirata', 'Terrapin', 'Tobago', 'Turtle', and 'Wapiti'. 'Wapiti' is selected. The 'Antenna pattern' is set to 'omni.ant'. The 'Antenna height (m)' is set to '9'. The 'Backcolor' is set to black. The 'Mobile unit' is set to 'Althea'. The 'In network' is set to 'Nedernet'. The 'Use network antenna settings' checkbox is checked. The 'Maximum range (km)' is set to '7.62'. The 'Link Direction' is set to 'Mobile Rx'. The 'Mode' is set to 'All picture'. The 'Signal range to draw' is set to 'S-Unit'. The 'From (>=)' box is set to '5'. The 'Draw size (pixels)' is set to '5'. The 'Network style' is set to 'Color'. The 'Rainbow' checkbox is unchecked. The 'Solid' checkbox is unchecked. A 'Draw' button is at the top right.

- 23) Set the **Signal range to draw** to S-Unit and type 5 in the **From (>=)** box.
24) Click on **Draw**. See below.



- 25) Save the resulting image as a TIF by selecting **File>Save Picture as**.
- 26) Open ArcMap® and load the BIL elevation data you used in Radio Mobile.
- 27) Load the TIF image you created and georeference it using the corners of the BIL data.
 - a. The corners of the data can be seen in the TIF image.
- 28) Follow the georeferencing directions from the [Coverage Area—PDF/JPG/Other Image Format](#) section below.
- 29) Use the **Georeferencing Toolbar** to **Update the Georeferencing** for the TIF dataset.
- 30) In ArcToolbox®, select **Data Transformations>From Raster>Raster to Polygon** and input the georeferenced TIF you just created.
- 31) Open the resulting polygon feature class for editing using the **Editing** toolbar in ArcMap® and clean up as necessary.
- 32) In ArcCatalog®, create an empty feature class with the schema of the bb_cov feature class and load the feature class created above into it.
 - a. Right-click on the empty feature class, select **Load>Load Data** from the dropdown menu and navigate to the location of the service area feature class.
 - b. Click the **Add** button, then click **Next**.
 - c. Accept the defaults and click **Next**.
 - d. DO NOT attempt to map any fields, as shown below:



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Simple Data Loader

For each target field, select the source field that should be loaded into it.

Target Field	Matching Source Field
ProvName [string]	<None>
DBAName [string]	<None>
FRN [int]	<None>
GeogUnit [string]	<None>
GeogUnitID [string]	<None>
TransTech [short int]	<None>
MaxAdvDown [short int]	<None>
MaxAdvUp [short int]	<None>
ARPU [float]	<None>
SWNomSpeed [float]	<None>

Reset

< Back Next > Cancel

e. Click **Next**, then **Next** again, then **Finish**.

33) In ArcToolbox®, go to **Data Management Tools>General>Append**.

34) Append the formerly empty feature class to bb_cov, completing the dialog box, as shown below:

Append

Input Datasets

C:\Working\Broadband\ProviderData\Columbine\Columbine.gdb\service_area_bb...

Target Dataset

C:\Working\Broadband\ProviderData\Columbine\Columbine.gdb\bb_cov

Schema Type (optional)

TEST

Field Map (optional)

OK Cancel Environments... Show Help >>

35) Leave the **Schema Type** as **TEST**.

36) Click **OK**.

37) In ArcMap®, open bb_cov for editing and manually input associated attribution.



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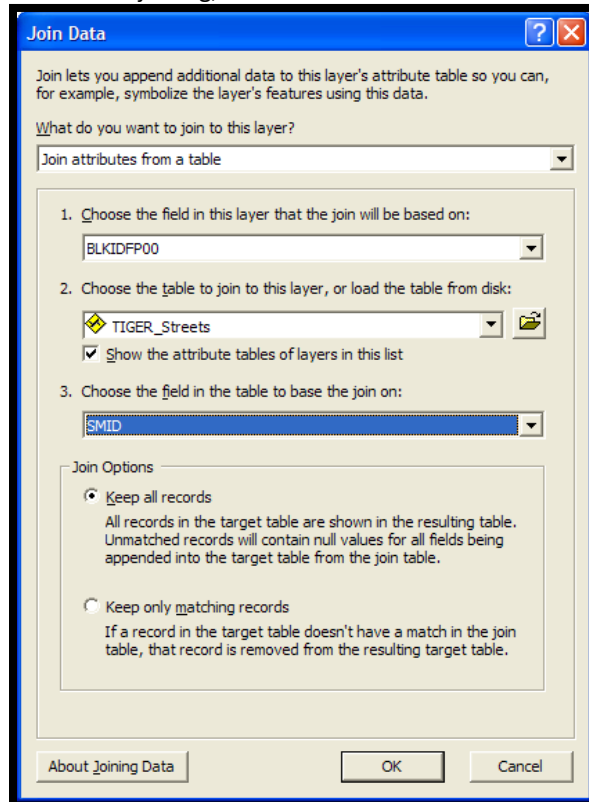
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LINEAR DATA

TIGER® STREET SEGMENTS—LIST, SPREADSHEET OR GIS DATA

In the event that the provider supplies TIGER® street segments in list or spreadsheet format, the steps are as follows:

- 1) Join TIGER® road segments to 2000 census blocks feature class using one of two methods based on how the data is provided:
 - a. If the TIGER® data is provided with a Census Block ID, then join the segments to the Census Block geometry based on that ID:
 - (i.) Load both datasets into ArcMap®;
 - (ii.) In the layer list, right-click on the 2000 census block feature class and select **Joins and Relates>Join**;
 - (iii.) In the dialog box, select the TIGER® road segments data and the proper attribute fields for joining, as shown below:



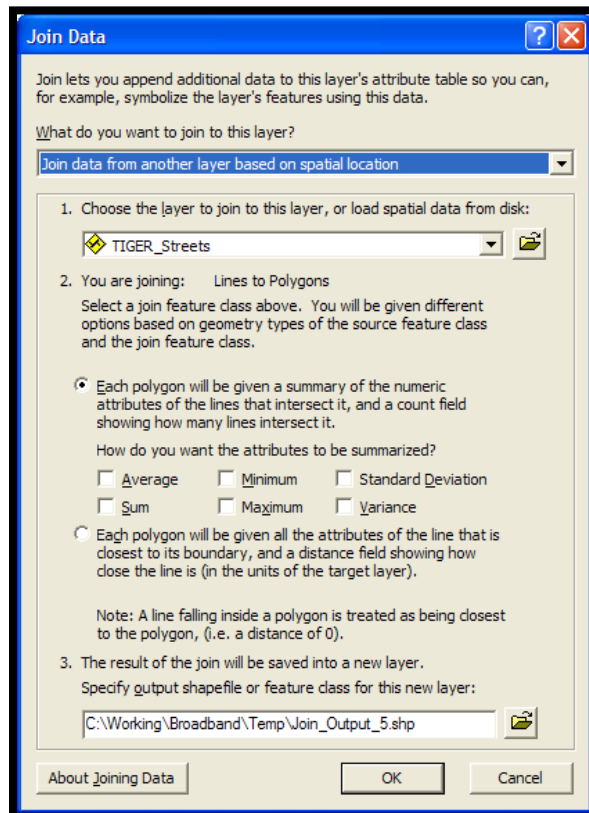
- (iv.) Click **OK**.
 - b. If the data provided is a list containing TLIDs, then join to the TIGER®/Line data using the TLID, and use a spatial join to associate the TIGER® segment with the coterminous block based on the block ID:
 - (i.) Load both datasets into ArcMap®;
 - (ii.) In the layer list, right-click on the 2000 census block feature class and select **Joins and Relates>Join**;
 - (iii.) Select **Join data from another layer based on spatial location** from the dropdown menu;
 - (iv.) Complete the dialog box, as shown below and click **OK**.



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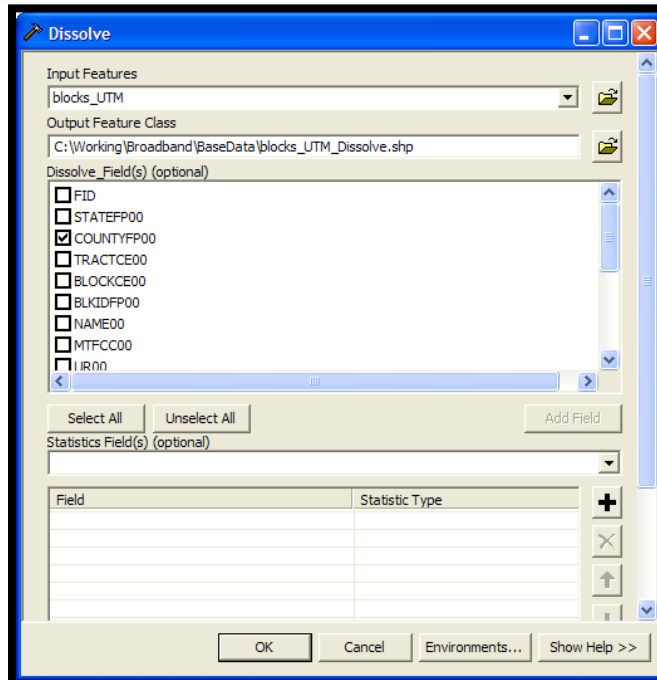
- 2) Export joined records into a temporary feature class.
- 3) If joined Census Block geometry is confined to one specific area, then dissolve blocks into one record. If joined Census Block geometry is distributed throughout a particular State, then dissolve sub-selections of census blocks for each county.
 - a. Use the County FIPS code to dissolve by county.
 - b. In ArcToolbox®, select **Data Management Tools>Generalization>Dissolve**.
 - c. Complete the **Dissolve** dialog box, as shown below:



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- d. Click **OK**.
- 4) For each dissolved region, open the feature class for editing using the **Editing** tool in ArcMap® and remove unnecessary slivers and other small holes. For general guidance on editing features in ArcMap®, see http://webhelp.esri.com/arcgisdesktop/9.3/pdf/Editing_Tutorial.pdf
- 5) In ArcCatalog®, create an empty feature class with the schema of the bb_cov feature class and load the feature class created above into it.
 - a. Right-click on the empty feature class, select **Load>Load Data** from the dropdown menu and navigate to the location of the service area feature class.
 - b. Click on the **Add** button, then click **Next**.
 - c. Accept the defaults and click **Next**.
 - d. DO NOT attempt to map any fields, as shown below:



Simple Data Loader

For each target field, select the source field that should be loaded into it.

Target Field	Matching Source Field
ProvName [string]	<None>
DBAName [string]	<None>
FRN [int]	<None>
GeogUnit [string]	<None>
GeogUnitID [string]	<None>
TransTech [short int]	<None>
MaxAdvDown [short int]	<None>
MaxAdvUp [short int]	<None>
ARPU [float]	<None>
SWNomSpeed [float]	<None>

Reset

< Back Next > Cancel

- e. Click **Next**, then **Next** again, then **Finish**.
- 6) In ArcToolbox®, go to **Data Management Tools>General>Append**.
- 7) Append the formerly empty feature class to bb_cov, completing the dialog box, as shown below:

Append

Input Datasets

C:\Working\Broadband\ProviderData\Columbine\Columbine.gdb\service_area_bb...

Target Dataset

C:\Working\Broadband\ProviderData\Columbine\Columbine.gdb\bb_cov

Schema Type (optional)

TEST

Field Map (optional)

OK Cancel Environments... Show Help >>

- 8) Leave the **Schema Type** as **TEST**.
- 9) Click **OK**.
- 10) In ArcMap®, open bb_cov for editing and manually input associated attribution if necessary.



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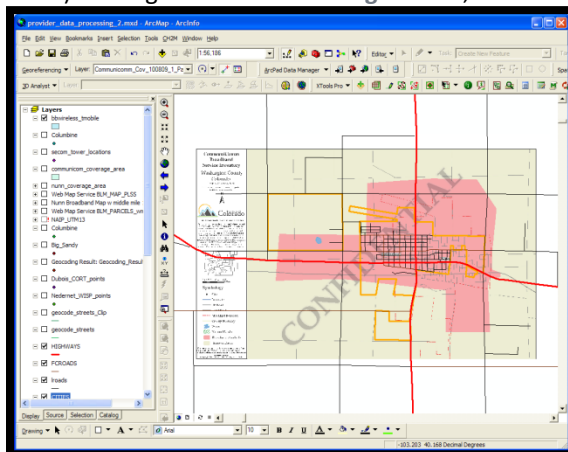
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POLYGONAL DATA

COVERAGE AREA—PDF/JPG/OTHER IMAGE FORMAT

In the event that the provider supplies coverage area data in some image format such as PDF or JPG format, the steps are as follows:

- 1) If in PDF format, open in Adobe Acrobat and **Save As...** JPG format.
- 2) Open the JPG image in ArcMap®.
- 3) Add the required base map vector data for georeferencing.
 - a. This generally will be either the CDOT data or TIGER® data.
- 4) Change the coordinate system of the data frame to the desired end coordinate system.
- 5) Zoom to the general location of the JPG map image.
 - a. This is the location based on the vector data, not the JPG image itself. For example, if you know that the JPG image represents an area around the town of Limon, zoom to the town of Limon in your vector data.
- 6) Open the **Georeferencing** toolbar by selecting **View>Toolbars>Georeferencing** from the main menu bar.
- 7) Using the **Georeferencing** toolbar, select **Fit to Display**; results are shown below:



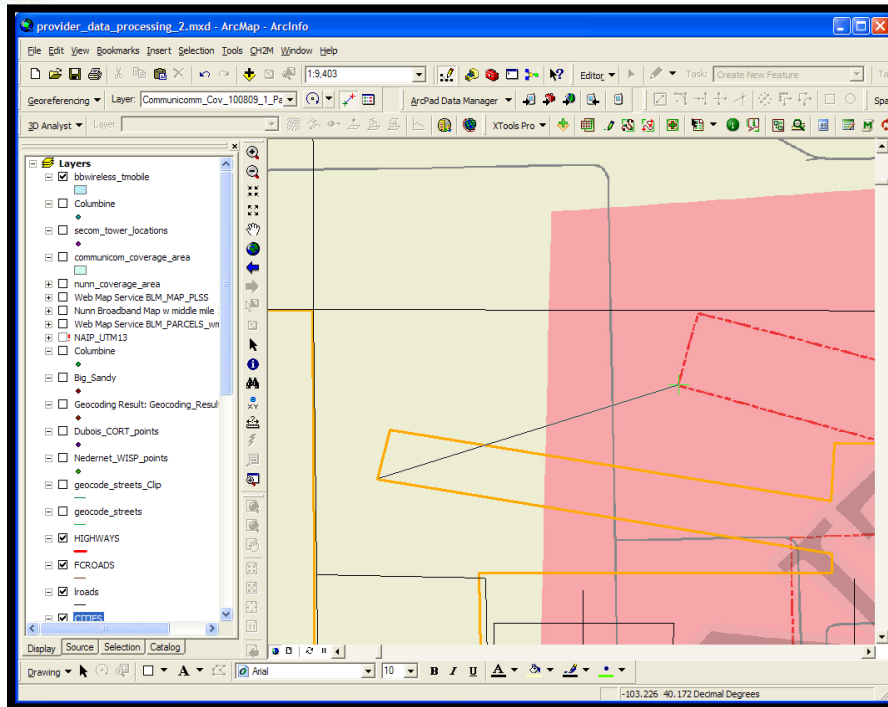
- 8) Use the **Control Point** button  to add control points to the map.
- 9) Use common points in the base dataset and the JPG image.
 - a. For example, find major street intersections, county/city boundaries, etc.
 - b. Try to distribute the points more or less in the four corners on the image for the best transformation.
- 10) Click on the location on the image first, then click on the corresponding location on the vector database map, as shown in the image below:



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- 11) After placing each control point, the image transformation will update automatically.
- 12) Repeat until satisfied with the transformation.

NOTE:

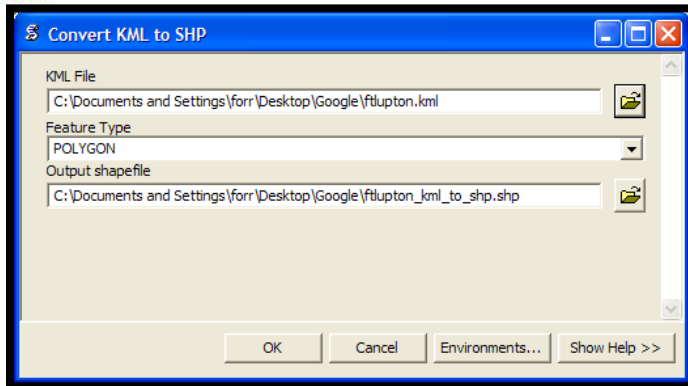
The transformation may take up to four points, although sometimes only two are necessary.

- 13) When satisfied with the transformation, select **Update Georeferencing** from the **Georeferencing** toolbar dropdown.
 - a. This will create a “world” file (.jgw in the case of JPGs) in the same directory as the image file.
- 14) In ArcCatalog®, create a new polygon shapefile with the appropriate data schema for a provider coverage area.
- 15) Add the shapefile to ArcMap®.
- 16) Using the **Editor** toolbar, select **Start Editing**. Set the **Task** to **Create New Feature**.
- 17) Use the **Sketch Tool**  to digitize a new coverage polygon using the coverage area outline from the georeferenced JPG and add the required attributes manually.
- 18) Repeat the above steps for all subscriber speed coverage areas provided.
- 19) Follow the steps detailed in **Coverage Area—GIS Data** below.

COVERAGE AREA—KML/KMZ

In the event that the provider supplies coverage area data in Google Earth KML or KMZ format, the steps are as follows:


- 1) Use a KML to SHP converter to translate file into an Esri® format.
- 2) <http://arcscrips.esri.com/details.asp?dbid=15603>
- 3) Download the script and follow the provided instructions for installing it in ArcToolbox®.
- 4) Double-click on the script in ArcToolbox® and navigate to the location of the KML file, as shown below:



- 5) Add the new shapefile to ArcMap®. Repeat for all KML files provided.
- 6) Follow the steps detailed in [Coverage Area—GIS Data](#) below.

COVERAGE AREA—CAD DATA

In the event that the provider supplies coverage area data in GIS format, the steps are as follows:

- 1) Transform the CAD dataset into an Esri® format.
- 2) http://webhelp.esri.com/arcgisdesktop/9.2/index.cfm?TopicName=Transforming_CAD_datasets
- 3) It may be necessary to contact the provider first to determine the coordinate system of the CAD data.
- 4) If the CAD data is not in a standard coordinate system, it may be necessary first to use ArcMap® to georeference the CAD data to a known coordinate system.
 - a) To do so, follow the instructions provided above in [Coverage Area—PDF/JPG/Other Image Format](#).
- 5) In ArcCatalog®, create a new polygon shapefile with the appropriate data schema for a provider coverage area.
- 6) Add the shapefile to ArcMap®.
- 7) Using the **Editor Toolbar**, select **Start Editing**. Set the **Task** to **Create New Feature**.
- 8) Use the **Sketch Tool**  to digitize a new coverage polygon using the coverage area outline from the georeferenced CAD file and add the required attributes manually.
- 9) Follow the steps detailed in [Coverage Area—GIS Data](#) below.

COVERAGE AREA—GIS DATA

In the event that the provider supplies coverage area data in GIS format, the steps are as follows:

- 1) In ArcCatalog®, create an empty feature class with the schema of the bb_cov feature class and load the GIS feature class either created above or supplied by the provider into it.
 - a. Right-click on the empty feature class, select **Load>Load Data** from the dropdown menu and navigate to the location of the service area feature class.
 - b. Click on the **Add** button, then click **Next**.
 - c. Accept the defaults and click **Next**.
 - d. DO NOT attempt to map any fields, as shown below:



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Simple Data Loader

For each target field, select the source field that should be loaded into it.

Target Field	Matching Source Field
ProvName [string]	<None>
DBAName [string]	<None>
FRN [int]	<None>
GeogUnit [string]	<None>
GeogUnitID [string]	<None>
TransTech [short int]	<None>
MaxAdvDown [short int]	<None>
MaxAdvUp [short int]	<None>
ARPU [float]	<None>
SWNomSpeed [float]	<None>

Reset

< Back Next > Cancel

- e. Click **Next**, then **Next** again, then **Finish**.
- 2) In ArcToolbox®, go to **Data Management Tools>General>Append**.
- 3) Append the formerly empty feature class to bb_cov, completing the dialog box, as shown below:

Append

Input Datasets

C:\Working\Broadband\ProviderData\Columbine\Columbine.gdb\service_area_bb...

Target Dataset

C:\Working\Broadband\ProviderData\Columbine\Columbine.gdb\bb_cov

Schema Type (optional)

TEST

Field Map (optional)

OK Cancel Environments... Show Help >>

- 4) Leave the **Schema Type** as **TEST**.
- 5) Click **OK**.
- 6) In ArcMap®, open bb_cov for editing and manually input associated attribution, if necessary.

COMPACT POLYGON FROM SUBSCRIBER POINTS

- 1) Geocode address list using latest **State Composite Locator**.
- 2) Verify that your geocoded file has only one TT (Technology Type). If not, export individual geocoded layers for each Technology Type.



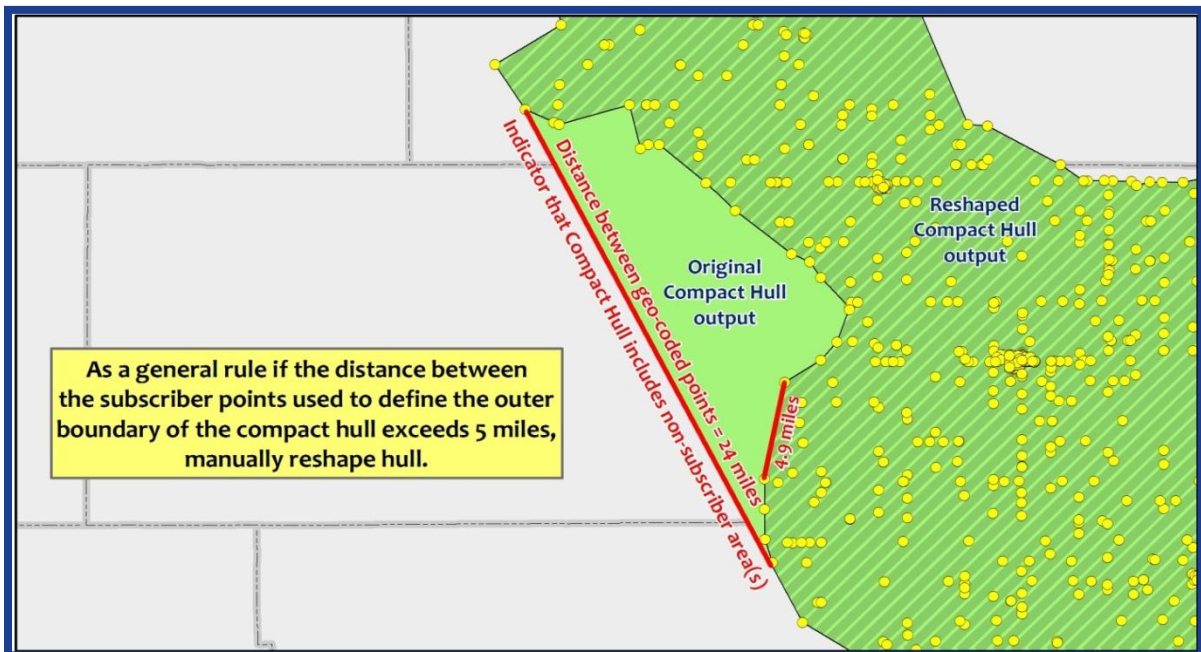
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- 3) For each TT, check for differences in speed values or speed tiers and create separate layers for each speed value/tier.
- 4) Clean your geocoding results: remove any points that geocode to accuracy levels below ZIP+4 (ZIP centroids, carrier route centroids, etc). Also, verify that outliers with acceptable accuracy levels are legitimate, i.e., fall in correct city and Zip.
- 5) Perform spatial join between county polygons (using stcnfyips field) and the cleaned geocoded subscriber points in order to carry the county name and stcnfyips.
- 6) Summarize the number of subscribers by county and use the subscriber counts by county to populate the Rate Tier table.
- 7) Un-join the county data from the geocode subscribers list.
- 8) Create Compact Polygon using cleaned geocoded layer or sub-selection of XtoolsPro—ConvexHull-DetailedHull option. A sub-selection of geocoded points will be used in areas where more than one polygon will need to be created for one provider's service area.
- 9) Evaluate output Hull carefully, looking for areas that should not be covered by hull polygon.
 - a. If it is determined that an area or areas should not be represented in coverage area, manually reshape hull polygon until coverage area is adequate.
 - b. When not obvious and as a general rule, manually resolve compact polygon when the distance between the subscriber points used to define the outer boundary of the compact polygon exceeds 5 miles . When reshaping the hull polygon, snap to the outermost geocoded points. See the three figures below for examples.

Compact Hull: Manual Resolution Required

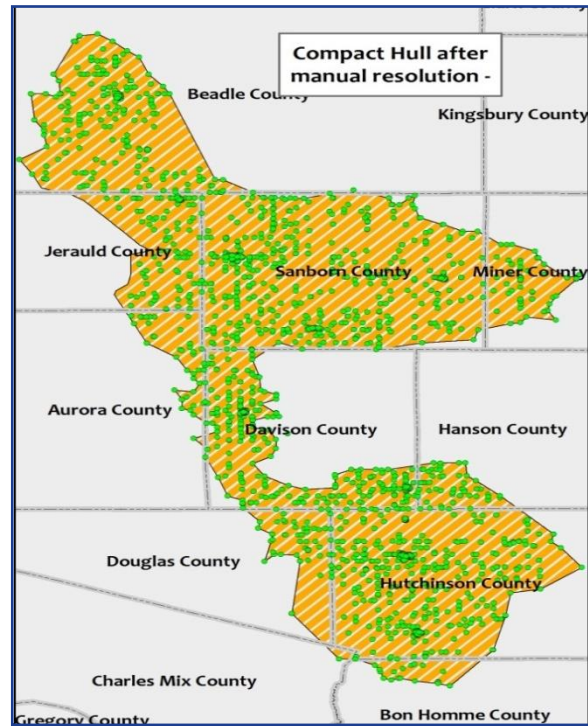




Compact Hull: Manual Resolution Required



Compact Hull: After Manual Resolution



- 10) To attribute the compact polygon, perform a spatial join where your Target Feature Class is the compact polygon and the Join Feature Class is your geocoded point layer. Export compact hull with joined attributes and name file appropriately.
- 11) Append attributed compact polygon to Broadband TT template Feature Class and, if required, manually input any provider attribution that may not have carried over in the append process.
- 12) Intersect compact polygon with county boundaries to create unique records by county and use the state-county-fips field to populate stcty_fips field. Also use the county name field to populate the BBCov_Name field.
 - a. Exception: where a provider's coverage is distributed throughout more than one area of any given county where the BBCov_Name should be populated using an appropriate city or other logical name based on geographical location.
- 13) Export/load into appropriate BB TT model dataset.

CENSUS BLOCKS—LIST OR SPREADSHEET

In the event that the provider supplies census block data in a list or spreadsheet, the steps are as follows:

- 1) Ensure block polygons supplied by the provider are 2000 currency.
- 2) If other currency, convert to 2000 currency before proceeding.
 - a. To do this, remove the trailing letter (a, b, etc.) from the block ID.
 - b. You will now have two blocks that equate to one block in the 2000 block geometry.
 - c. Delete duplicate block IDs, retaining the higher service tier in each case.
- 3) Prepare the block list in clean Excel format, removing all Excel-only formatting, merged cells, colors, borders, etc.
- 4) Import the spreadsheet into ArcMap®.
- 5) Right-click on the 2000 census block feature class in the layer list in ArcMap® and select **Joins and Relates>Join** from the dropdown menu. Join the census block list to the 2000 census blocks feature class using the block ID and export joined records in a new feature class. The **Join** dialog



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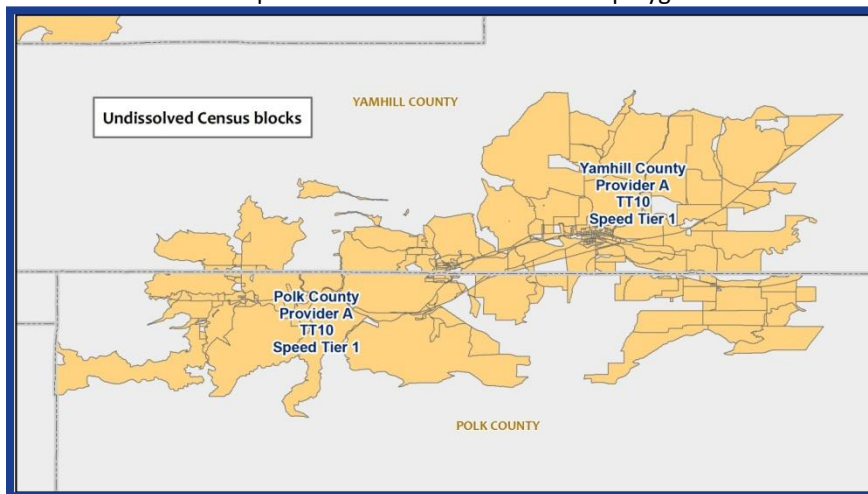
box and process can be seen above in the **TIGER® Street Segments—List, Spreadsheet or GIS Data** subsection.

- 6) Follow the steps in **Census Blocks—GIS Data** below.

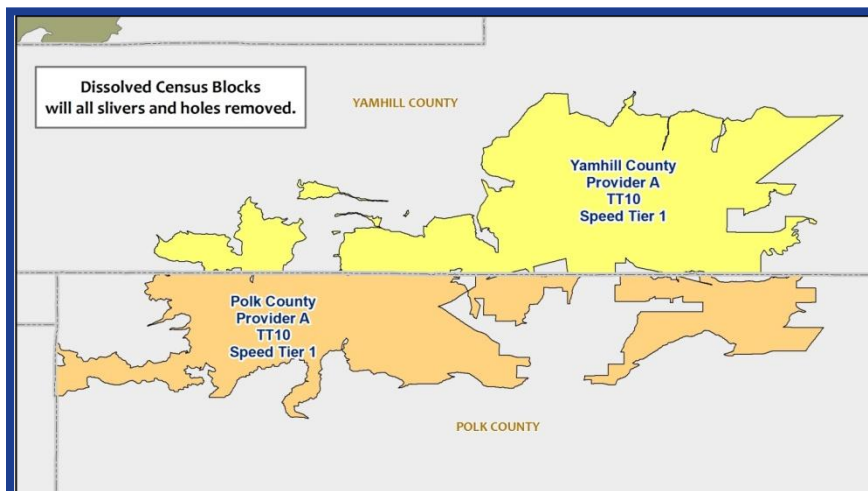
CENSUS BLOCKS—GIS DATA

In the event that the provider supplies census block GIS data, the steps are as follows:

- 1) Ensure that the blocks supplied by the provider are in the required data schema and are complete as far as required attribution.
 - a. If not, manually enter the required attribution or contact the provider to fill gaps.
- 2) If census block geometry is distributed throughout more than one county, then select **Data Management Tools>Generalization>Dissolve** in ArcToolbox® and dissolve based on County/Provider/TT/Speed Tier so that unique records are created for each unique combination.
 - a. The **Dissolve** dialog box is shown above in the **TIGER® Street Segments—List, Spreadsheet or GIS Data** section.
 - b. Two examples of undissolved census block polygons are shown below:



Undissolved census block polygons



Census block polygons dissolved by county

- 3) For each dissolved region use the **Editing** toolbar in ArcMap® to remove unnecessary slivers and other small holes.



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- 4) In ArcToolbox®, select **Data Management Tools>General>Merge** and merge the processed polygons into a single layer.
- 5) The merged census blocks will need to have the subscriber's frn field added and populated.
- 6) In ArcCatalog®, create an empty feature class with the schema of the bb_cov feature class and load the GIS feature class either created above or supplied by the provider into it.
 - a. Right-click on the empty feature class, select **Load>Load Data** from the dropdown menu and navigate to the location of the service area feature class.
 - b. Click the **Add** button, then click **Next**.
 - c. Accept the defaults and click **Next**.
 - d. DO NOT attempt to map any fields, as shown below:

Simple Data Loader

For each target field, select the source field that should be loaded into it.

Target Field	Matching Source Field
ProvName [string]	<None>
DBAName [string]	<None>
FRN [int]	<None>
GeogUnit [string]	<None>
GeogUnitID [string]	<None>
TransTech [short int]	<None>
MaxAdvDown [short int]	<None>
MaxAdvUp [short int]	<None>
ARPU [float]	<None>
SWNomSpeed [float]	<None>

Reset

< Back Next > Cancel

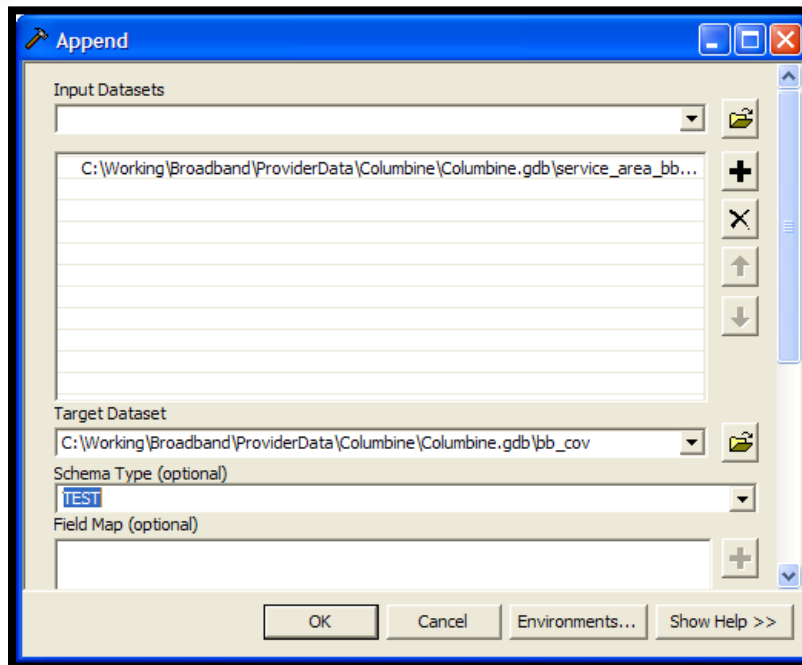
- e. Click **Next**, then **Next** again, then **Finish**.
- 7) In ArcToolbox®, go to **Data Management Tools>General>Append**.
- 8) Append the formerly empty feature class to bb_cov, completing the dialog box, as shown below:



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- 9) Leave the **Schema Type** as TEST.
- 10) Click **OK**.
- 11) In ArcMap®, open bb_cov for editing and manually input associated attribution, if necessary.

METADATA TRANSACTIONS

Following any updates or changes completed within the file geodatabase (fGDB) stored on the GIS-Analysts staging environment, the GIS-Analyst runs transactions to compare that fGDB with the one stored on the Core server to ensure metadata on all changes is recorded.

The steps taken to run transactions on the updated Core database are outlined below:

- 1) Open a command line window and run generateTransactions.py:
 - a. Usage: **generateTransactions.py [Core fGDB] [Staging Environment fGDB]**
 - b. Example of command line:
`<path>generateTransactions.py <path>ST_BB_POLY_SRV_AREAS.gdb <path>ST_BB_POLY_SRV_AREAS.gdb`
- 2) Shown below is an example of the output screen that will be displayed:



```
----- Collecting Transactions -----

Calculating rec_id field for BBCov_0_BB_POLY_TEMPLATE
value can not be 0 or less
Trouble creating the progress meter

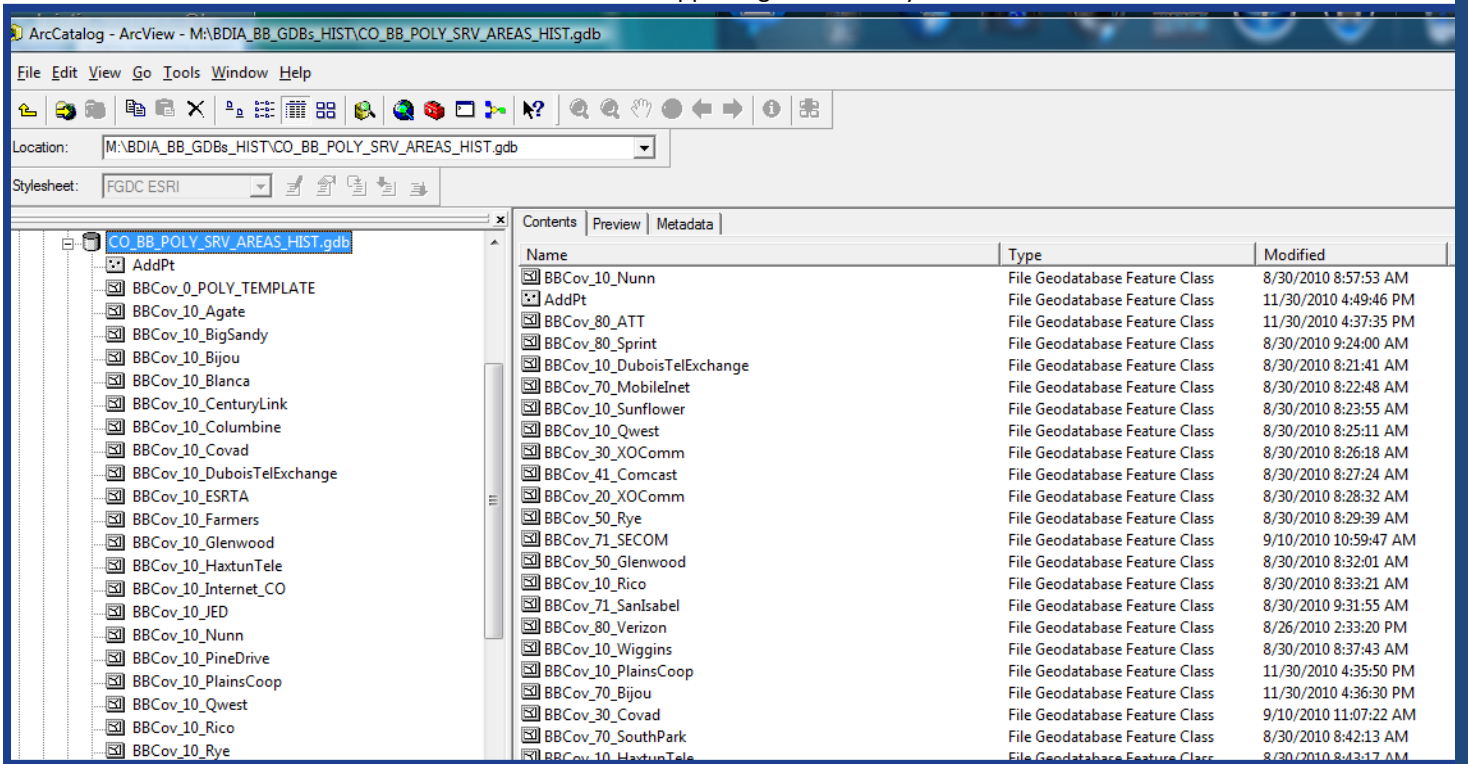
Calculating rec_id field for BBCov_10_CenturyLink
% 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100
----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----| Goal = 8

Merging change: X:\BDIA_BB_GDBs\MS_BB_POLY_SRV_AREAS.gdb\AddPt
Calculating Transaction fields for AddPt
% 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100
----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----| Goal = 1
*****
X:\BDIA_BB_GDBs\MS_BB_POLY_SRV_AREAS.gdb\AddPt...changes is complete.

Your transaction FeatureClasses are in:
\\michigan\AllAccess\BDIA_BB_GDBs_HIST\MS_BB_POLY_SRV_AREAS_HIST.gdb

-----
elapsed time = 2994.4 seconds
```

- 3) After the process has completed, results can be found in the ST_BB_POLY_SRV_AREAS_HIST.gdb:
- The transactions scripts records changes at a feature level.
 - Shown below is a screenshot supporting the directory structure of the historical fGDB.



- c. Attribution associated with each added/removed/changed feature is tracked, including the following additional columns appended to the end of each:



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WEIGHTED NOMINAL SPEED

The weighted nominal speed is populated in one of the following two ways: **subscriber data supplied by provider** or **value supplied by provider**.

SUBSCRIBER DATA SUPPLIED BY PROVIDER

Where the data provider supplies subscriber speed information, the following formula from the NOFA is used:

$$\frac{(\text{speed tier-1 in kbps} \times \text{no. of tier-1 subscribers}) + (\text{speed tier-2 in kbps} \times \text{no. of tier-2 subscribers}) + (\text{etc.})}{\text{Total average monthly subscribers}}$$

Data is initially broken up in the following order:

- 1) Stcty_fips;
- 2) Transmission technology type;
- 3) Subscriber tiers.

VALUE SUPPLIED BY PROVIDER

Some providers will supply their weighted nominal speed. In these cases, the data supplied will be populated instead of using the NOFA formula. These obtained or calculated values are used to update the service overview layer.

This can be done manually or by creating a table with the provider's FRN and average weighted speed and joining it to the service overview table in ArcMap®.

- 1) To join, right-click on the layer to join to and select **Joins and Relates>Join** from the dropdown menu.
- 2) Then navigate to the table to join to and select the join fields from the dropdown list.
- 3) Then open the source table (the table in ArcMap®) and right-click on the header of the **Average Weighted Speed** field and select **Calculate Field** from the dropdown menu.
- 4) Use the value of the average weighted speed from the joined table.

MIDDLE MILE

Middle mile information generally is provided in spreadsheet or text file format. The process is to take what is supplied by the provider and translate it into the required data schema.

- 1) If the data is supplied with address information, follow the process outlined above in **Subscriber Location—Address Data**.
- 2) If the data is supplied with associated XY coordinates, follow the process outlined above in **Subscriber Location—XY Data**.
- 3) Once the data is in GIS format, use the **Append (Data Management Tools>General>Append)** command in ArcToolbox® to append the data to the overall middle mile dataset.
- 4) Set the schema type to NO_TEST and use the Field Map to map the attribute fields from the source to the target dataset.



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BROADBAND COVERAGE TEMPLATE

The table below lists descriptions of the fields within the bb_cov layer, which is the interim dataset used to create the final product deliverable.

NAME	ALIAS	DESCRIPTION
objectid	OBJECTID	Internal Object ID
shape	SHAPE	Internal Shape storage
prov_id	PROVIDER_ID	Unique numeric identifier for each provider
prov_name	PROVIDER_NAME	Unique name for each provider
dba_name	DOING_BUSINESS_AS	An alternative "Doing-Business-As" name for the provider
frn	FCC_REGISTRATION_NUMBER	Provider FCC Registration Number
bbcov_name	BBCOV_NAME	BroadMap Broadband Coverage name
trans_code	TRANSMISSION_CODE	Unique code for the transmission technology type described by this layer
trans_name	TRANSMISSION_NAME	Name for the transmissions technology type
trans_desc	TRANSMISSION_DESC	Description for the transmissions technology type
spect_code	SPECTRUM_CODE	Unique code for the spectrum [WIRELESS ONLY]
spect_name	SPECTRUM_NAME	Name for the spectrum [WIRELESS ONLY]
spect_desc	SPECTRUM_DESC	Description for the spectrum [WIRELESS ONLY]
mad_dwn_t	MAX_AD_DOWN_TIER	Maximum advertised downstream speed available within given area (speed tier)
mad_up_t	MAX_AD_UP_TIER	Maximum advertised upstream speed available within given area (speed tier)
typ_dwn_t	TYPICAL_DOWN_TIER	Typical downstream speed available within given area (speed tier)
typ_up_t	TYPICAL_UP_TIER	Typical upstream speed available within given area (speed tier)
mad_dwn_k	MAX_AD_DOWN_KBPS	Maximum advertised downstream speed available within given area (kbps)
mad_up_k	MAX_AD_UP_KBPS	Maximum advertised upstream speed available within given area (kbps)
typ_dwn_k	TYPICAL_DOWN_KBPS	Typical downstream speed available within given area (kbps)
typ_up_k	TYPICAL_UP_KBPS	Typical upstream speed available within given area (kbps)
subs	SUBSCRIBERS	Total average monthly subscribers for this provider for this technology for this coverage polygon
md_geom	MD_GEOMETRY	Metadata: Comma separated list of source ids from which the polygon extent was produced
md_exists	MD_EXISTS	Metadata: Comma-separated list of source ids used in understanding and editing the provider data for this polygon



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NAME	ALIAS	DESCRIPTION
md_who	MD_WHO	Metadata: Name of the editor who last edited this feature at the time in md_when
md_when	MD_WHEN	Metadata: Date/time that this feature was last edited
md_process	MD_PROCESS	Metadata: Comma-separated list of processes used to create and/or modify this layer
stcty_fips	STATE_COUNTY_FIPS	State/County FIPS code
rec_id	RECORD_ID	Compound Key formed from STCTY_FIPS+" "+Provider_ID+" "+Trans_Code+" "+BBCov_Name
st_area	ST_AREA(SHAPE)	Area in square decimal degrees
st_length	ST_LENGTH(SHAPE)	Length in decimal degrees
Provider_Type	Type of Provider	Has Subtype (1:Broadband provider as described in the NOFA,2:Reseller,3:Unknown), default value=1 (New 04/11 Model)

VERIFICATION AND VALIDATION

PROVIDER VALIDATION—PROVIDER PORTAL/PDF MAP REVIEW

Following the collection and aggregation of provider data, the aggregated data is validated by the provider to ensure it is an accurate representation of their coverage area and supporting broadband information.

- This validation is completed through the Provider Portal web application, which is a secure interactive map that displays the provider's coverage areas and allows the provider to validate, submit feedback or request changes.
 - If changes are requested, then the features on the portal are updated and an automatic request is sent to the provider to complete the validation process.
- Providers that did not use the Provider Portal are asked to validate a PDF map displaying their coverage area(s). This is accomplished via e-mail notification.

PROVIDER VERIFICATION—THIRD PARTY SOURCE REVIEW

After the provider has validated its coverage areas, a third-party source comparison and analysis is performed.

- Where anomalies or discrepancies are identified, a "SCAN" point is dropped and descriptive comments are applied to be reviewed later with the provider.
- During the provider review, the map is displayed along with the "SCAN" points and potential refinement is completed based on input from the provider.

The table below shows third-party sources used:

THIRD-PARTY SOURCE NAME	SOURCE TYPE	VERIFICATION TYPE
InfoUSA	Consumer and Business Listings	Community Anchor Institutions; Can also be used for demographic information supporting the State websites.
Pitney Bowes (PBBi)	Exchange Info Plus (Central Office Locations)	Exchange datasets are used to verify the following Transmission Technologies (TT): Asymmetric xDSL (10), Symmetric xDSL (20), Other Copper Wireline (30), and Optical Carrier/Fiber to the End User (50).



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THIRD-PARTY SOURCE NAME	SOURCE TYPE	VERIFICATION TYPE
Media Prints	Cable Boundaries	Used to verify the following TT: Cable Modem—DOCSIS 3.0 (40) and Cable Modem—Other (41).
American Roamer	Wireless Coverage Patterns (EVDO, GPRS, WISP, HSPA)	Used to verify the following TT: Terrestrial Fixed Wireless—Unlicensed (70), Terrestrial Fixed Wireless—Licensed (71) and Terrestrial Mobile Wireless (80).
ComSearch	Wireless Spectrum Holdings and Tower Data	Used to verify the following TT: Terrestrial Fixed Wireless—Unlicensed (70), Terrestrial Fixed Wireless—Licensed (71) and Terrestrial Mobile Wireless (80).

ASSIGNING CONFIDENCE VALUES

All findings and results from the abovementioned **validation and verification activities**, plus internal peer quality reviews, are captured and tracked in a **Validation table** (see example on the following page) and form the basis of the confidence value assigned for each provider and then each technology.

CONFIDENCE VALUE	DESCRIPTION
0	Coverage area has not been reviewed.
10	Extremely Low: Single Source QC.
20	Very Low: Needs additional validation\verification.
30	Low: Even with validation\verification, coverage still is suspect.
40	Acceptable: Confirm with State prior to shipment.
50	Meets requirements to be included in shipment.
60	Moderate: Meets NTIA/State's standards, representative of Technology Type (TT).
70	High: Accurate representation of coverage based upon TT.
80	Very High: Multiple validation\verification with most third-party sources.
90	Extremely High: Multiple validation\verification sources.
100	Perfect: Multiple validation\verification sources, with complete alignment with sources and ground truth verification activities.

The **Validation table** is maintained as updates or changes occur for each provider, down to technology type, with the overall goal to improve the confidence values and overall map representation. An example of the Validation table is shown below:



OBJECTID	BBCOV	CONFIDENCE_CODE	PROVIDER_ID	PEER_GC	PROVIDER_GC	THIRD_PARTY_VERIFICATION	THIRD_PARTY_ID	
1	BBCov_15_Avalon	40	771	11/4/2010	8/27/2010	11/4/2010	3070	Avalon doesn't exist in Phylloflex exchange data. Geometry and attribution are ok.
2	BBCov_15_BeaufortCo	80	850	10/10/2010	3/6/2011	8/7/2010	2010	BeaufortCo ETS boundary has general shape of underlying phylloflex exchange boundary but not a perfect 1:1, 0.00911 confidence raise.
3	BBCov_15_CarbyTelcom	80	790	10/10/2010	8/21/2010	8/7/2010	2010	Carby Telcom boundary is roughly the shape of two exchanges but not 1:1.
4	BBCov_15_CascadeRd	70	3000	11/4/2010		11/4/2010	3070	CascadeRd still needs provider validation. This bbov exists in Phylloflex exchange boundaries. Areas where they do not correspond to CenturyLink BBOV overlays Phylloflex exchange boundaries in some places, and not in others. Geometry and attribution representative of CenturyLink overlay with Phylloflex Exchange boundary. Where it doesn't a scan pit was dropped. Geometry and attribution are ok.
5	BBCov_15_CenturyLink	70	710	11/4/2010	8/23/2010	11/4/2010	3070	CenturyLink BBOV overlays Phylloflex exchange boundaries in some places, and not in others. Geometry and attribution representative of CenturyLink overlay with Phylloflex Exchange boundary. Where it doesn't a scan pit was dropped. Geometry and attribution are ok.
6	BBCov_15_CulterTel	80	713	11/4/2010	9/16/2010	11/4/2010	3070	CulterTel overlays with Phylloflex Exchange boundary. Areas of difference have scan pits dropped. Geometry and attribution are ok.
7	BBCov_15_Covad	80	717	11/4/2010	8/23/2010	11/4/2010	3070	Covad does not exist in Phylloflex exchange boundaries dataset. Geometry and attribution are ok.
8	BBCov_15_DeltaTelcom	30	787	11/4/2010		11/4/2010	3070	DeltaTelcom does not exist in Phylloflex exchange boundaries dataset. Geometry and attribution are ok.
9	BBCov_15_EasternTelcom	80	889	11/4/2010	9/20/2010	11/4/2010	3070	Eastern Telcom does not exist in Phylloflex exchange boundaries dataset. Geometry and attribution are ok.
10	BBCov_15_Frontier	70	784	11/4/2010	9/16/2010	11/4/2010	3070	Frontier is partially overlaid by Phylloflex exchange boundaries. Areas of difference have scan pits dropped. Geometry and attribution are ok.
11	BBCov_15_Gigamon	80	787	10/10/2010	9/22/2010	8/7/2010	2010	Gigamon Telcom does not exist in Phylloflex exchange boundaries dataset. Geometry and attribution are ok.
12	BBCov_15_Helix	70	726	11/4/2010	9/22/2010	11/4/2010	3070	Helix BBOV reads mostly within Phylloflex exchange boundary of the same name. Scan Pits dropped where different. Geometry and attribution are ok.
13	BBCov_15_Integra	30	790	10/10/2010	8/27/2010	8/7/2010	2010	Many BBOV polyt align to 3rd party exchange boundaries in areas.
14	BBCov_15_Middleville	80	732	11/5/2010	9/27/2010	11/5/2010	3070	BBCov Middleville reads mostly within the Middleville Exchange boundary (in phylloflex dataset which is attributed as Verizon 100V).
15	BBCov_15_Midvale	50	734	10/10/2010	9/20/2010	8/7/2010	2010	Northern part of BBCov roughly aligns to northern part of 3rd party exchange boundary.
16	BBCov_15_MonitorCOOP	70	1100	10/10/2010	9/17/2010	8/7/2010	2010	Coverage area larger than underlying exchange boundary but overall shape roughly resembles the exchange boundary.
17	BBCov_15_Norcom-Telphone	70	730	10/10/2010	9/20/2010	8/7/2010	2010	3rd party exchange boundary very similar to BBCov.
18	BBCov_15_NorTel	80	707	10/10/2010	3/6/2011	8/7/2010	2010	3rd party exchange boundary very similar to BBCov. 0.00911 provider feedback via portal confirmed geometry and max speed and added type.
19	BBCov_15_NorTel	80	790	10/10/2010	9/20/2010	8/7/2010	2010	Large portion of BBCov roughly aligns to underlying 3rd party exchange but not all.
20	BBCov_15_NorthTel	70	730	3/15/2011	3/15/2011	11/5/2010	3070	BBOV reads mostly within the Phylloflex exchange boundary. Geometry is suspect. Attribution is ok. Provider validated via portal.
21	BBCov_15_OregonTelco	30	730	11/5/2010	9/14/2010	11/5/2010	3070	Very generalized bbov partially overlaying Phylloflex exchange boundaries. Geometry suspect. Attribution is ok.
22	BBCov_15_People	80	1012	11/5/2010	9/17/2010	11/5/2010	3070	People's BBOV reads mostly within Phylloflex Exchange boundary of same name. Scan Pits dropped where differ. Geometry and Attribution are ok.
23	BBCov_15_PetTelphone	70	787	10/10/2010	3/11/2011	8/20/2010	2010	BBCov area has general shape as underlying exchange boundary here. Coverage areas based off of Census Tracts. 0.0111 Provider valid.
24	BBCov_15_Pioneer	70	740	11/5/2010	9/20/2010	11/5/2010	3070	BBCov Pioneer reads mostly within Phylloflex exchange boundaries of same name. Scan Pits dropped where differ. Geometry and attribution are ok.
25	BBCov_15_Govnet	80	1102	11/5/2010	5/7/2010	11/5/2010	3070	BBCov_15_Govnet falls within the extent of Phylloflex Exchange boundaries, but do not cover 1 for 1. Geometry and attribution are ok.
26	BBCov_15_Ronnet	50	807	11/5/2010	9/27/2010	11/5/2010	3070	Ronnet UDC Telecom doesn't exist in Phylloflex exchange dataset. Geometry and attribution are ok.
27	BBCov_15_Ronnet	90	740	10/10/2010	9/18/2010	8/7/2010	2010	3rd party exchange boundary very similar to BBCov.
28	BBCov_15_Sandy	80	873	11/5/2010	9/17/2010	11/5/2010	3070	BBCov for city of Sandy does not exist in Phylloflex exchange dataset. Geometry and attribution are good for TT.
29	BBCov_15_Son	90	880	10/10/2010	3/11/2011	8/20/2010	2010	3rd party exchange boundary roughly aligns to BBCov in this area. 0.0111 Provider validated coverage confidence high.
30	BBCov_15_SCS	80	1030	11/5/2010	9/17/2010	11/5/2010	3070	BBCov for SCS does not exist in Phylloflex exchange dataset. Geometry and attribution are good for TT.
31	BBCov_15_SCTC	70	807	10/10/2010	9/17/2010	11/4/2010	3070	SCTC TDS reads within phylloflex exchange area. Geometry and attribution are ok.
32	BBCov_15_SigmaTel	80	790	3/15/2011	3/15/2011	8/7/2010	2010	BBCov roughly aligns to two 3rd party exchange boundaries but not perfect 1:1. Provider validated via portal.
33	BBCov_15_TDS	40	752	10/10/2010		8/7/2010	2010	BBCov partially aligns with underlying 3rd party exchange boundary.
34	BBCov_15_TransCascade	40	709	11/5/2010	9/21/2010	11/5/2010	3070	BBCov reads in part of Phylloflex Exchange boundary of the same provider name. BBCov also splits into two other PB exchange areas.
35	BBCov_15_Telcom	80	3006	10/10/2010	9/21/2010	8/7/2010	2010	Carby Telcom boundary is roughly the shape of two exchanges but not 1:1.
36	BBCov_15_CedarCreek	80	712	10/10/2010	9/17/2010	8/7/2010	2010	BBCov area very similar to 3rd party exchange here.
37	BBCov_15_Covad	80	717	11/4/2010	8/23/2010	11/4/2010	3070	Covad does not exist in Phylloflex exchange boundaries dataset. Geometry and attribution are ok.
38	BBCov_15_Integra	30	790	10/10/2010	8/27/2010	8/7/2010	2010	Many BBOV polyt align to 3rd party exchange boundaries in areas.
39	BBCov_15_NevadaTel	30	790	11/5/2010		11/5/2010	3070	SID needs Provider Validation. Business Only provider's coverage areas do not exist in Phylloflex exchange datasets. Geometry and attribution are ok.
40	BBCov_15_QuantumTel	80	1027	11/5/2010	9/23/2010	11/5/2010	3070	QuantumTel overlays with Phylloflex Exchange boundary. Geometry and attribution are ok for TT.
41	BBCov_15_Ronnet	80	807	11/5/2010	9/27/2010	11/5/2010	3070	Ronnet UDC Telecom doesn't exist in Phylloflex exchange dataset. Geometry and attribution are ok.
42	BBCov_15_CarbyTelcom	80	790	10/10/2010	9/21/2010	8/7/2010	2010	Carby Telcom boundary is roughly the shape of two exchanges but not 1:1.
43	BBCov_15_Covad	80	717	11/4/2010	8/23/2010	11/4/2010	3070	Covad does not exist in Phylloflex exchange boundaries dataset. Geometry and attribution are ok.
44	BBCov_15_Integra	30	790	10/10/2010	8/27/2010	8/7/2010	2010	Many BBOV polyt align to 3rd party exchange boundaries in areas.
45	BBCov_15_Lightspeed	30	793	11/5/2010		11/5/2010	3070	SID needs Provider Validation. Business Only provider's coverage areas do not exist in Phylloflex exchange datasets. Geometry and attribution are ok.
46	BBCov_15_Middleville	40	732	11/5/2010	9/27/2010	11/5/2010	3070	BBCov is a single record buffered point resulting in a Phylloflex exchange boundary attributed for another municipality and provider. Geom

COMMUNITY ANCHOR INSTITUTION (CAI) DATA

DATA COLLECTION

The CAI data was initially collected from the State to create the baseline inventory. All location information and broadband coverage data supplied also was ingested into the data deliverable. Additional collection of CAI information was done via data mining and/or webscraping to build out the inventory further. For example: Collection of additional CAIs and location information.

The State-agency-provided CAI inventory was comprehensive but the challenge is collecting broadband related data: service provider(s), technology and speed data for each CAI. Availability of the CAI portal has not significantly increased submission of this data. Additional promotion to CAIs to use the CAI portal will be needed to increase this data for subsequent deliverables.

INSTITUTION DATA

Institution data is obtained from a variety of sources and almost always provided in Excel spreadsheet format. The general process for incorporating this data is as follows:

- 1) If the data is provided in Excel or some similar format:
 - a. Clean and standardize the Excel spreadsheet, removing any cell formats, merged cells, etc.
 - b. Standardize the address format as defined in the staging CAI database.
 - c. If the spreadsheet includes X and Y values, such as latitude and longitude, use the **Add XY Data** tool in ArcMap® to create a spatial data layer.
 - d. If there are only addresses, then follow the geocoding steps outlined above to create spatial data points for each of the institutions.
 - i.) Institutions that do not geocode based on the TIGER® 2010 dataset will have to be located manually using Google Maps, Google Earth or some other information source.
- 2) If the CAI source data is in GIS format, add the Latitude and Longitude fields and use the **Calculate Geometry** tool to populate them, using the WGS 84 coordinate system.
- 3) Using ArcCatalog®, load the new data into the staging CAI database.
- 4) This database is ready for the makeDeliverable.py script to process the information into the final State and NTIA deliverables.



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COMMUNITY ANCHOR INSTITUTION (CAI) PORTAL UPDATES

A web application has been released to allow for further data collection and validation of anchor institution location information, broadband coverage and speed test data. Information collected from the CAI Portal is then ingested into the overall inventory and will be compared later against the provider coverage areas mapped to locate any potential discrepancies.

PRODUCT EXTRACT

PYTHON SCRIPTS

The following subsections make use of Python scripts. In general, to use a Python script you must have Python installed on your computer. To download the latest version of Python, go to <http://www.python.org/download/> and download the latest stable version. As of August 2010, this was version 2.7. Once this is installed, the general way to run a script is to type the following at a command prompt: C:\Python27\python.exe C:\<location of script>. Many of the scripts provided have environment variables that must be set before they can be run.

The Python code for BroadMap's product extract has been incorporated into a Hudson CI System, which is detailed in the [Process Operation and Monitoring](#) section of this document. This was a process improvement activity so that all processes can be monitored, controlled and will contain historical tracking on each process.

PRODUCT EXTRACT PROCESS

NOTE:

Specific Python scripts are called out in **red** font in the subsections below.

The MapConnectTM product extract process, **makeDeliverable.py**, uses the BB_Cov and BROADMAP_POINTS interim datasets to create the following layers according to the current specifications:

- BB_Service_Road_Segment
 - This layer contains all broadband services associated with specific street segments for census 2000 blocks larger in area than two square miles.
- BB_ServiceCensusBlock
 - Contains all broadband services associated with census blocks of no greater than two square miles.
- BB_Service_Wireless
 - This layer contains all wireless services not associated with specific addresses.
- BB_ServiceOverview
 - This layer contains subscriber-weighted nominal speed for each provider's service area at a county level and is meant to act as a summarized view.
- BB_ConnectionPoint_MiddleMile
 - This layer contains middle-mile and backbone interconnection points.
- BB_Service_CAIstitutions
 - Broadband Service at Community Anchor Institutions (CAI).
 - Community Anchor Institutions consist of schools, libraries, medical and healthcare providers, public safety entities, community colleges and other institutions of higher education as well as other community support organizations and entities.



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Because of a NTIA model change for the October 2010 data deliverable, an addition to this code was created to support both models in case a comparison is later desired or a request is made to revert to the original model. This script name is **bdia2ntia.py** and creates the following layers in addition to the layers mentioned above, rolled up to NATL_Broadband_Map.

- BB_ConnectionPoint_LastMile
 - This layer contains last mile infrastructure points, which is populated only if data cannot be provided at a more granular level.
- BB_Service_Address
 - Represents broadband availability for service address points. Address Point availability refers to those individual addresses at which each facilities-based provider of broadband service can provide broadband services of minimal characteristics within 7-10 business days.
- State_Boundary
 - State boundary supporting topological validation of point feature classes.
- NATL_Broadband_Topology
 - Supports basic topology quality checking. Example: No CAIs or Middle Mile points outside of the State boundary.

The following process flow provides a view of how the Core fGDB is extrapolated to the NTIA final deliverable via the makeDeliverable.py script. Following that, the bdia2ntia.py script is run, which limits what is placed in the final layers based on the NTIA modeling standards.

The product scripts and supporting extract were originally created separately per request, in case data model comparisons were to be completed.

PRODUCT STATISTICS

Following the completion of a product extract, the product statistics script (**BDIA_ReleaseNotesStats.py**) extracts the following information supporting that product deliverable.

- Provider Statistics:
 - Collects all provider information, listing by Provider Name.
 - Provides output of FRN.
 - Counts the number of features supported within the following layers:
 - Census Block;
 - Street Segment;
 - Max Upstream;
 - Wireless Services;
 - Infrastructure Points.
 - These updates were made to support the Data Package required to accompany every NTIA product deliverable.
- Community Anchor Institution (CAI) Statistics:
 - Breaks down CAI to the eight categories:
 - 1: School: K through 12;
 - 2: Library;
 - 3: Medical/Healthcare;
 - 4: Public Safety;
 - 5: University/College;
 - 6: Other Government;
 - 7: Other Community non-government;
 - None: Unknown Category. In cases where this occurs, further investigation is completed prior to product shipment to ensure all CAIs are categorized accurately.



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- Reports out the following counts:
 - Total CAIs within that category;
 - Total CAIs that contain partial BB coverage. Contains any of the following information for a given CAI: BB Subscriber, Transmission Technology, Speed Down Speed Up;
 - Total CAIs that contain full BB coverage. Contains all of the abovementioned BB information for a given CAI.

The output of this script is two CSV files: AnchorInstitutions.csv and Providers.csv. These files then can be inspected to ensure that there are the expected number of CAIs and providers for every release.

QUALITY ASSURANCE

Quality assurance is supported manually and algorithmically on the interim data, BB_Cov file geodatabase and on the final product. For scheduled product releases, a test product extract and subsequent manual and algorithmic QC run is completed along with a release review. The product specifications, project status reports and previous product release notes are used as references throughout this review.

The following parameters are tested using the methodology listed below each:

- Product Deliverable Format:
 - Correct names and format of data deliverables.
 - **BDIA_QC_SUITES.**
 - Correct Projections/Datum.
 - Manual interaction with product.
 - Metadata Present and Correct.
 - Manual interaction with product.
- Table Structure:
 - All required tables included.
 - **BDIA_QC_SUITES.**
 - Extraneous tables identified.
 - **BDIA_QC_SUITES.**
- Field Structure:
 - All fields included.
 - **BDIA_QC_SUITES.**
 - Extraneous fields identified.
 - **BDIA_QC_SUITES.**
 - Correct field names, types and widths.
 - **BDIA_QC_SUITES.**
- Field Domains:
 - Values in all tables are constrained to the specified values specified:
 - This action is accomplished via **BDIA_QC_SUITES** and manual review of the product;
 - This tends to identify project completeness issues as fields with a null value are identified.
- Geometric Representation:
 - Identify if all layers have the correct geometric representation:
 - Manual review of the BB_ServiceOverview layer;
 - Dependent on NTIA and client requirements.
- Geographic Extent:
 - Product includes the necessary Geography associated with Product?
 - Manual Review—ArcGIS®.
 - Is there extraneous geography included in Product?
 - Manual Review—ArcGIS®.



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- Completeness:
 - Products contain the expected amount of data?
 - Manual review of product statistics relative to weekly State reports and defined expectations.
- Accuracy:
 - Product meets the stated accuracy requirements for the deliverable?
 - Sampling procedure to manually review source material to resulting product;
 - Provider Validation;
 - Verification using Third-Party Data;
 - Verification against reality, where applicable.
- Data Regression:
 - Any unexplainable data loss or change?
 - This action is accomplished by comparing results within product statistics script ([BDIA_ReleaseNotesStats.py](#)) from previous releases, as well as manual review of the product.
- Confidentiality:
 - Any unauthorized confidential information included in the delivery?
 - Review of NDAs and delivery expectations.
- Prior Issues Resolved:
 - Have expected internal issues been resolved?
 - Manual review of data against previous product release notes.
 - Have agreed-upon customer issues been resolved?
 - Manual review of data against previous product release notes, status report and client feedback.
- Delivery Medium:
 - Has the product medium been verified?
 - Manual review.
 - All files present.
 - Manual review of SFTP site to ensure all files are copied correctly, including file/directory size.
 - Correct location.
 - Manual review—confirmation of SFTP link, username and password.

QC SUITE

The **BDIA_QC_SUITES** consists of four main types of scripts supporting the overall QC process. These scripts are all run in concert and are called from the **test_runner** script and the **test_BDIAProductGDB** script.

CONFIGURATION

These scripts establish the configuration for the **test_BDIAProductGDB** script, which is the core of the QC Suite.

update_test_config
active_config
config_PROCESS01_automated
config_PROCESS01_manual
set_active_config

LIBRARIES

These scripts provide additional functionality that is called from with the **test_BDIAProductGDB** script.

bb_unittest_fixture
bbcov_structure
BC_XmlWriter



file_folder
search_and_replace
unittest_fixture
validate_BB_DB
validate_BB_GDB
xmlrunner_gui

QC SUITE

This is the core script for performing automated QA/QC on the interim and final data deliverables.

test_BDIAProductGDB

OTHER

These scripts perform other functions detailed below:

test_runner—this is the main script that runs all the other QC scripts and imports all the necessary scripts and libraries.

which_build—this determines the current build and passes information to the configuration scripts.

PROCESS OPERATION AND MONITORING

Product Extract, **makeDeliverable.py** and **bdia2ntia.py**, is run within BroadMap using a platform called Hudson that has been enhanced to support BDIA product extraction, process monitoring, as well as product validation. The same platform can be planned for implementation for the State, if desired.

Below are examples of the product create, product validation, product statistics and monitoring processes that are managed within the BroadMap Hudson CI-System. All of the **abovementioned Python scripts**, with the exception of metadata transactions script, are run via this system.

BDIA PRODUCT CREATE

Below is an example of the main page where the type of product build can be selected.

The screenshot shows the Hudson CI System interface. At the top, there's a navigation bar with links like 'New Job', 'Manage Hudson', 'People', and 'Build History'. Below this, the 'Build Queue' section shows 'No builds in the queue.' and 'Build Executor Status' with a list of jobs. The main part of the interface is a table of build jobs.

All	BDIA Product Create	BDIA Product Validation	BDIA_Sourcing	Core Database Validation	FCC Product Validation	MCE Product Validation	Map Connect Enterprise	Mesh Creation	Postal Product Create	Postal Product Prep	WebPortalPrep	+
S	W	Job										
12 hr (#197)		BDIA_Build										
2 mo 10 days (#157)		BDIA_Product_Validation_AS										
3 mo 22 days (#81)		BDIA_Product_Validation_CNMI										
13 days (#271)		BDIA_Product_Validation_CO										



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Hudson

Hudson > BDIA Product Create > BDIA ProductCreate > #161

[Back to Project](#)
[Status](#)
[Changes](#)
[Console Output](#)
[Parameters](#)
[Test this build](#)
[Downstream build view](#)
[Previous Build](#)
[Next Build](#)

Build #161 (Mar 28, 2011 9:44:40 PM)

OR Pre-Release Build

Build Artifacts

- [bdia2ntia.log](#)
- [makeDeliverable.log](#)
- [rdbocopy.log](#)

Revision: 3099
No changes.

Started by user [anonymous](#)

Started 1 day 1 hr ago
Took 2 hr 31 min on [Alaska](#)

[edit description](#)

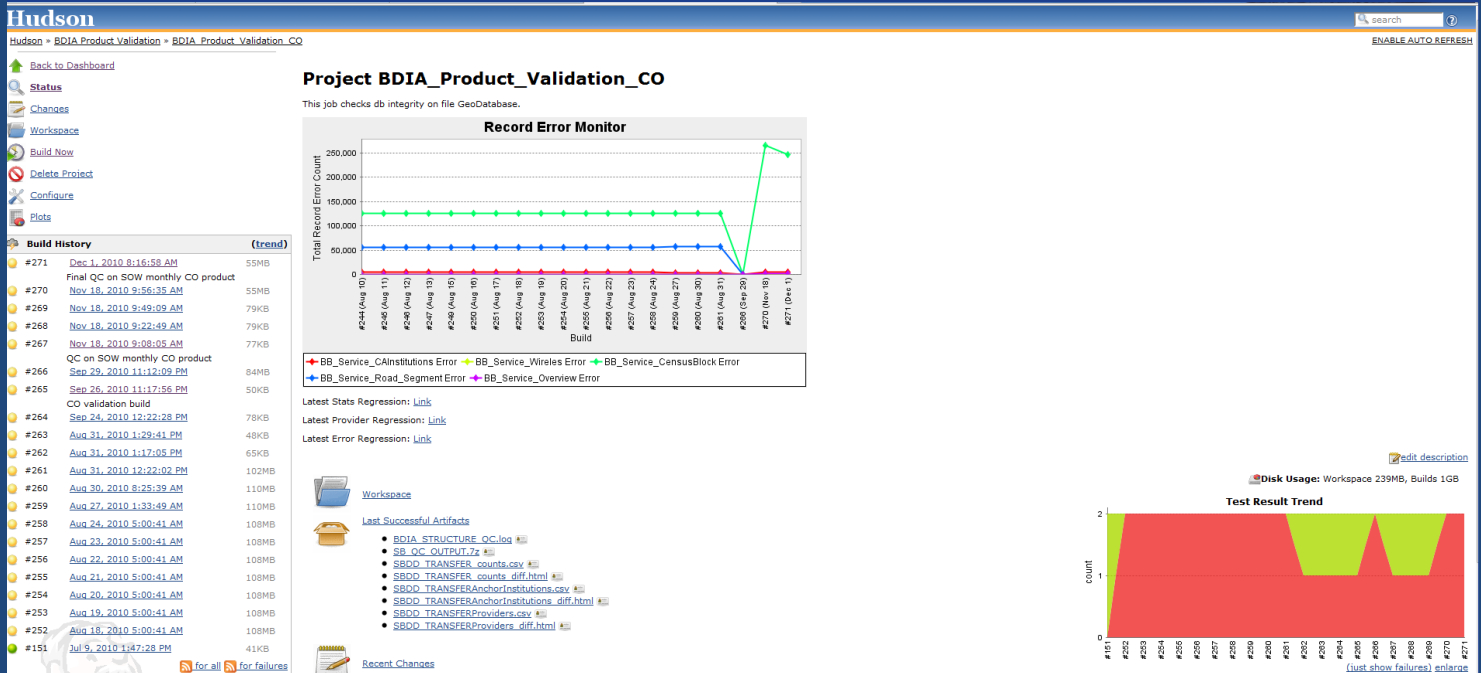


PRODUCT VALIDATION AND STATISTICS

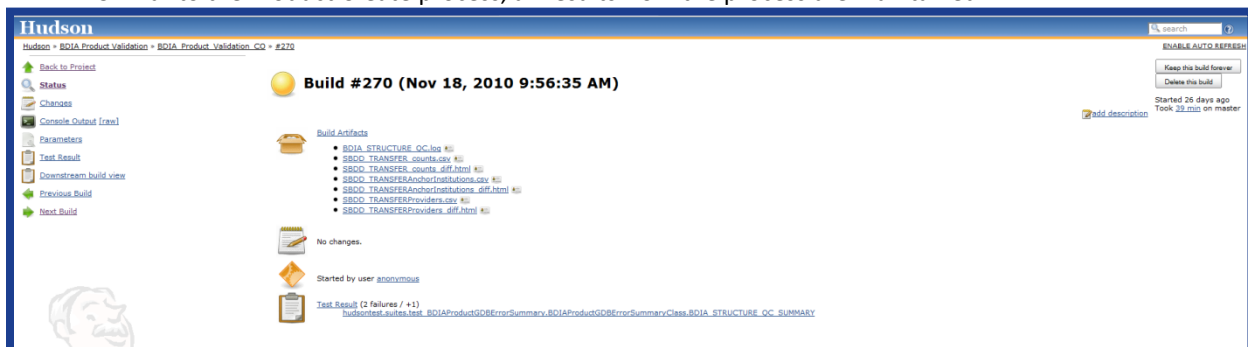
Once the product creation process is complete, Product Validation and Statistics are then initiated. These support the **BDIA_ReleaseNotesStats.py** script and the **BDIA_QC_SUITES** scripts detailed above.

All statistics and reports are stored for historical review with the capability to place violation criticality on each quality control check, allowing the identification of errors because of project status/completeness verses project correctness. Example: Typical Speeds populated.

Below is an example of the report provided based on various control points running over a specified period:



Similar to the Product Create process, all results from the process are maintained:





Results are then reviewed manually to ensure no errors reported are critical or in violation of the NTIA data model or project completion statements. Any errors of concern are communicated ahead of product delivery and included within the product release notes. Further detail on the Hudson-CI System environment can be found by navigating to the following link:

<http://wiki.hudson-ci.org/display/HUDSON/Meet+Hudson>

The screenshot shows the Hudson CI web interface. On the left is a sidebar with navigation links: Back to Dashboard, Status, Changes, Workspace, Build Now, Delete Project, Configure, and Plots. The main content area displays the configuration for the project 'BDIA_Product_Validation_CO'. It includes a description of the job, options to discard old builds, and a list of string parameters such as 'TestMethodPrefix' and 'GDBLocation'. A 'Build History' table is visible on the left, showing recent builds with their timestamps and sizes.

PRODUCT EXTRACT DATA DELIVERY

Product delivery for MapConnect™ Broadband is handled two ways, depending on client requirements:

- 1) State Submittal:
 - a. Data is submitted via SFTP site;
 - b. Product Release Notes and QC Test Report accompany the delivery.
- 2) NTIA Submittal:
 - a. Directions for using the NTIA State Broadband Data file submission tool:
 - (i.) Go to the following website: <https://esupport.fcc.gov/statedata>;
 - (ii.) Enter your **username** and **password** as provided to you from the NTIA program administrator;

The screenshot shows the 'Broadband State Data Management Tool' login page from the FCC Support Center. It features a 'Login' section with fields for 'Username' (containing 'fcc') and 'Password' (masked with dots). A 'LOGIN' button is located below the password field.

- (iii.) Click in **Upload a file** field;
- (iv.) Browse to local file for submission using the **Browse** button. Select file, then select **ATTACH FILE**. See example below.



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- (v.) **Logout/Receipt** using the **Logout** button in the top right of the screen;
- (vi.) A receipt of submission is e-mailed to username e-mail address.